

Herald Tribune

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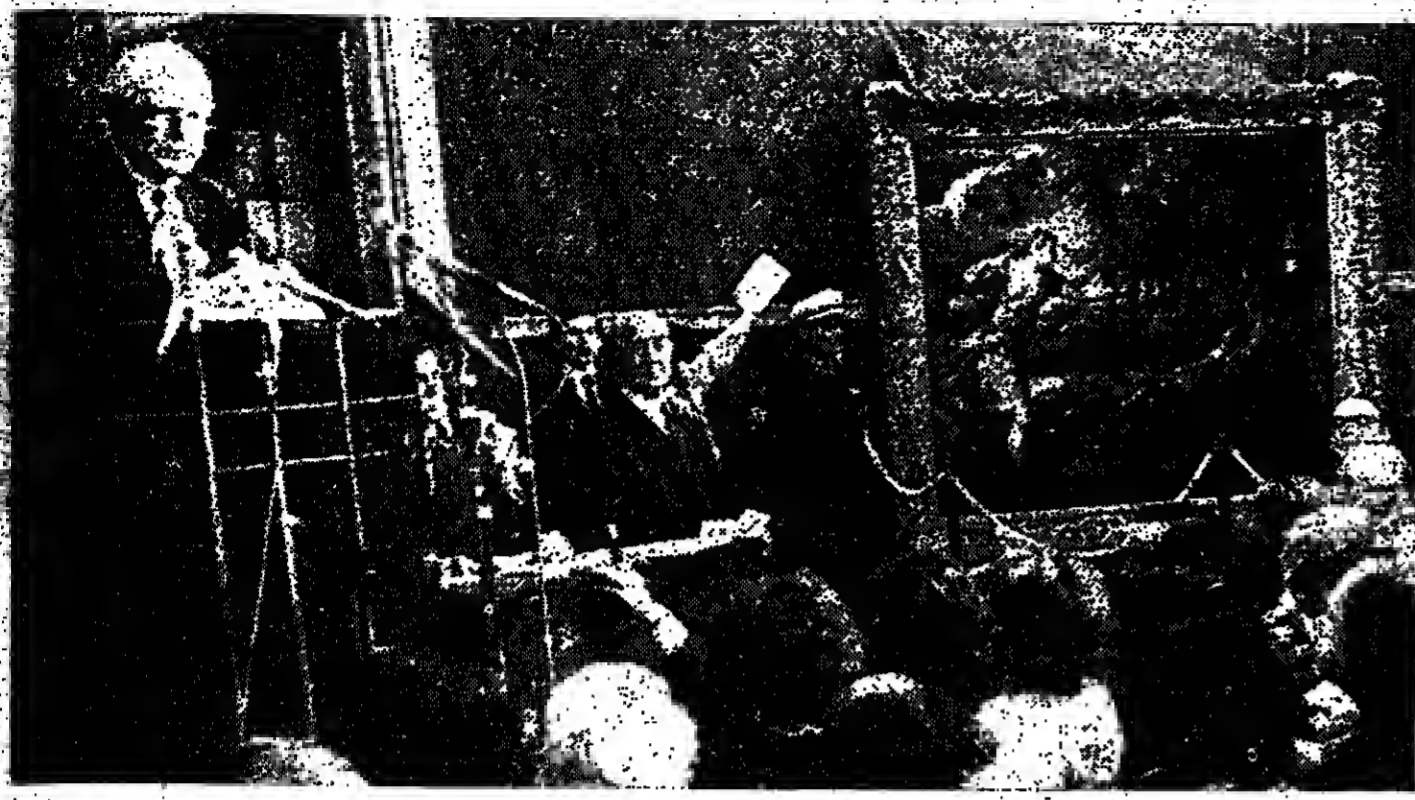
TODAY'S WEATHER: PARIS: Partly cloudy, occasional rain. Temp. 62-78 (18-25). Tomorrow: Partly cloudy. Yesterday's temp. 62-63 (16-17). LONDON: Partly cloudy. Temp. 60-65 (15-18). Tomorrow: Partly cloudy. Yesterday's temp. 58-65 (14-18). CHICAGO: Partly cloudy. Temp. 64-81 (18-28). Yesterday's temp. 66-70 (19-21). NEW YORK: Partly cloudy. Temp. 66-70 (19-21). Yesterday's temp. 66-70 (19-21). ADDITIONAL WEATHER: PAGE 2

Table with exchange rates for various countries including Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, etc.

No. 27,509

PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, JUNE 26-27, 1971

Established 1887



An auctioneer (left) conducts the bidding for Titian's 'The Death of Actaeon' at Christie's in London.

A Titian Fetches \$4,032,000 at Auction

LONDON, June 25 (NYT).—A Titian painting, 'The Death of Actaeon,' was sold today for \$4,032,000, the second highest auction price for a work of art.

Buyer Puzzled Price 'Was So Low'

to his office were told by a woman who declined to give her name: 'He was only joking. It wasn't for his daughter. Please don't bother us.'

saying: 'I do not know why the bidding was so low. I thought it would go higher and I would have to pay more for it.'

an all-time auction record—\$8,735,880.

Before today's sale there was some speculation that the Titian would break the record auction price for a single painting, \$5,544,000, paid last November for Velasquez's portrait of his mullatto assistant, Juan de Pareja.

Continues Restraint Order, 5-4

Supreme Court Agrees To Rule on War Papers

By Robert Siner WASHINGTON, June 25 (NYT).—The Supreme Court today agreed to decide whether the government can constitutionally halt newspaper accounts of a Pentagon report on U.S. involvement in Vietnam.

turned, while the Justice Department urged that lower court decisions declaring that the government has no constitutional right to restrain The Post from publishing articles based on the secret war study be reversed.

allowed the Justice Department appeal. The government will have achieved a consensual objective, which two courts have held to be unconstitutional.

It has failed to prove in the previous two. Attorneys for The Post contended that the weeklong suspension of its articles was 'totally inexcusable' and that the articles contained 'information and revelations of undoubted relevance' in this time of debate on issues raised by the Pentagon.



Capt. Ernest I. Medina

No Death Penalty Sought Medina Will Be Tried On Murder Charges

FORT McPHERSON, Ga., June 25 (NYT).—The prosecution today won its fight to try Capt. Ernest I. Medina on murder charges, but decided not to seek the death penalty.

allowed the Justice Department appeal. The government will have achieved a consensual objective, which two courts have held to be unconstitutional.



Dom Mintoff, Malta's new Prime Minister.

New Malta Prime Minister Expels Italian NATO Naval Commander

LONDON, June 25 (AP).—Prime Minister Dom Mintoff expelled NATO Adm. Gino Birindelli from Malta today in an apparent personal vendetta, posing a threat to a crucial Western sea-air fortress in the Mediterranean.

even to confirm the affair. Implicit in the brusque demands by Mr. Mintoff was the possibility that he might lease naval facilities to the Soviet Union.

'Mintoff kicked Birindelli out for two reasons,' said the London source. 'One, Mintoff does not like Italians in general, and two, he doesn't like Birindelli in particular.'

Chicago Sun-Times Reports Eisenhower Sought a Vietnam United Under Pro-U.S. Regime

NEW YORK, June 25 (NYT).—President Dwight D. Eisenhower secretly established in 1958 a national policy to eliminate Communist control in Hanoi and reunite North and South Vietnam under a pro-U.S. government, the Chicago Sun-Times said today.

directed the government to 'work toward the weakening of the Communists of North and South Vietnam in order to bring about the eventual peaceful reunification of a free and independent Vietnam under anti-Communist leadership.'

South Vietnamese Recapture Firebase Area Below DMZ

SAIGON, June 25 (UPI).—South Vietnamese rushed thousands of reinforcements today into the area below the Demilitarized Zone where a North Vietnamese summer offensive briefly overran Fire Base Fuller and threatened to crumble allied defenses in the area.

to a shambles by BSCs and other air strikes.

In Paris, a North Vietnamese Foreign Ministry statement issued by the Hanoi delegation to the peace talks said BSCs carried out saturation bombing attacks against civilians in the village of Huong Lap in the DMZ during the period last Saturday through Tuesday.

Mr. Diem, installed as premier by the United States in 1954, impressed Mr. Eisenhower and Secretary of State John Foster Dulles with his unexpected effectiveness.

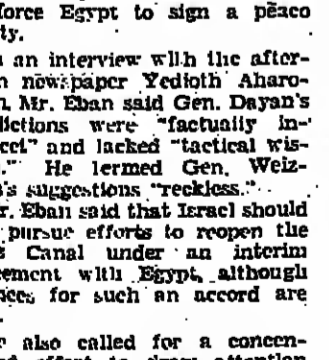
Eban Decries War Outlook Of Dayan and 2d Ex-General

TEL AVIV, June 25 (UPI).—Foreign Minister Abba Eban today scored Defense Minister Moshe Dayan for saying that a war in the Middle East is inevitable.

'Whoever comes out with statements that war is reasonably close invites hasty pressures to avert it,' Mr. Eban said.

Mr. Eban said that Israel should take also in any war with the Arabs, force Egypt to sign a peace treaty.

Mr. Eban said that Israel should also in any war with the Arabs, force Egypt to sign a peace treaty.



Abba Eban

Russia For 'Parallel' SALT, A-Talks

MOSCOW, June 25 (UPI).—Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko urged today that five-power talks on nuclear arms be held 'in parallel' with Soviet-American strategic arms limitation talks.

SALT talks, Mr. Gromyko said. 'There should be two parallel negotiations,' he said, 'which should not interfere with each other.'

The spokesman said the proposal will be considered.

U.S. Severs Ties With Malagasy

WASHINGTON, June 25 (UPI).—The United States today announced it is withdrawing its ambassador from the Malagasy Republic in protest against charges that the U.S. Embassy there had been involved in recent political unrest.



VANDAL'S VICTIM—This stork, nesting with its young atop a tree in Vienna's Prater playground, must live and search for food with an arrow through its breast. Attempts are being made to catch the bird so that a veterinarian can remove the arrow.

U.S. Severs Ties With Malagasy

U.S. military sources assessing the fall of Fuller said it indicated a summer offensive had begun by at least five North Vietnamese regiments.

Government forces have been ordered not to reoccupy Fuller until the reinforcing troops have swept the surrounding area and wiped out the heavy mortar position from which the North Vietnamese had pounded the base.

High officials of the Malagasy government summoned Ambassador Anthony B. Marshall and suggested he leave for Washington 'on consultations' after charging his embassy had been involved in improper activities.

'Leak' Published by Newsday

Johnson Book Said to Support Much of the Pentagon Report

NEW YORK, June 25 (AP)—Former President Lyndon B. Johnson's forthcoming memoirs were said today to support many of the findings of the controversial Pentagon Papers, particularly the charge that his administration had planned early in 1964 for a large-scale intervention in Vietnam.

Newsday, a Long Island newspaper, reported that the memoirs disclose that Mr. Johnson in September 1964, two months before the presidential election, approved a contingency plan, recommended by the military, for bombing North Vietnam. The bombing was to begin if Communist forces made a spectacular attack in the South.

The memoirs reportedly confirm that the President, in waiting until Feb. 7, 1965, to start bombing, twice rejected advice from the military advisers to begin earlier.

Last week The New York Times, followed by other newspapers, began publication of extracts of a secret 1967-68 Pentagon study of the origins of the U.S. buildup in the Vietnam war.

The government objected and obtained temporary restraining orders on further publication by some of the papers. More litigation followed, and the case now has reached the Supreme Court for a decision.

Newsday's source said it had obtained information about the former President's memoirs from a publishing source.

The book, now largely in galley form at the New York headquarters of the Holt, Rinehart and Winston publishing firm, is entitled "The Vantage Point: Perspectives of the Presidency." It is to be published in November.

One of the biggest questions raised so far by leaks to newspapers of the secret Pentagon study is whether the Johnson administration was deceitful in 1964.

President Johnson won a resounding presidential election victory over Sen. Barry Goldwater, R., Ariz., in November of that year. He lambasted Sen. Goldwater as a hawk who wanted to bomb Hanoi and Hanoi, Mr. Johnson campaigned as the candidate of restraint.

A Pentagon analyst quoted in the secret papers says there was a general consensus in the Johnson administration in September, 1964, that bombing of the north would probably be necessary to achieve U.S. ends in Vietnam. But the analyst suggests that the decision was deferred for political reasons, because of the election.

Apparently contradicting that passage, correspondent Philip Potter of the Baltimore Sun wrote yesterday that President Johnson himself was not convinced of the value of bombing, and specifically rejected the idea in a message to the U.S. ambassador in Saigon, Gen. Maxwell Taylor, on Dec. 30, 1964. But the continuing political turmoil in Saigon was noted in the message, Mr. Potter said.

U.S. Is Receiving First Red China Food Since 1950

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25 (AP)—The first shipment of foodstuffs from Communist China to the United States in more than 20 years is ready for delivery in San Francisco's Chinatown, largest Chinese community in the Western Hemisphere.

A ban on imports from mainland China to this country was imposed Dec. 17, 1950, and lifted last June 10. A customs source said the 11,350-pound shipment apparently was originally meant for sale in Vancouver, but since the ban was lifted by President Nixon, it was decided to market the goods here.

According to a spokesman for ONC Motor Freight, which trucked the goods, the shipment consists of 166 cartons of delicacies including dried watermelon, red date soup, pickled ginger and vegetables, lotus paste, dried winter melons, candies and canned cuttlefish sauce.

Early Decision Expected

Supreme Court Sets Hearing, Extends Ban on War Papers

(Continued from Page 1)

study and by the Vietnam war. The Post and The Times from the very first have vehemently argued that the Pentagon Papers cover only history and can in no way endanger the security of the United States.

In its appeal to the high court last night, the Justice Department had asked, in essence, that any publication of articles based on the Pentagon papers by The Post be subjected to the same restrictions as those published by The Times.

The Second Circuit Court of Appeals in New York had ruled that The Times could resume publication tomorrow but could not use any material that the government contended was injurious to national security.

Solicitor General Erwin N. Griswold argued for the Justice Department that unless this same rule was applied to The Post, "not only will this case become moot, but even more seriously, damage to the national security and the conduct of our foreign relations that the government is seeking to prevent by this action will irreversibly be placed beyond repair."

"This case and the one involving The Times present constitutional issues," Mr. Griswold told the court in his petition.

Times Files Petition

The Times also filed a petition before the Supreme Court, appealing the appeals court's restrictions on its publication of the Pentagon documents.

Attorneys for The Times argued that the delay resulting from the procedure imposed upon it by the circuit court, which could last far into the summer, violated the constitutional guarantee of freedom of the press.

The Times also contended that publication of articles based on the Pentagon documents by other papers and the decision by the U.S. Court of Appeals in Washington to allow The Post to resume publication without restraint, would inflict irreparable harm on its interests. The Times complained that publication by other papers would make its articles "stale and of severely diminished intrinsic value."

Under the ruling of the Court of Appeals in New York, District Judge Murray J. Gurfin would review all the papers, publication of which the government claims would harm the national security, and rule by July 3 which of these should be permanently banned from publication. The government could then appeal his decisions and final settlement could take months.

In other legal moves, the hearing on the government's request for an injunction against further publication of articles based on secret Pentagon papers by the Boston Globe was postponed until Tuesday. Judge Anthony J. Julian gave no reason for the postponement.

Order Modified

The Globe today resumed publishing its service stories about other newspapers' accounts of the Pentagon study, however. Globe editors earlier had concluded that the court order banning further articles also covered their service material on the same subject.

Judge Julian modified the order yesterday at the newspaper's request to permit the use of these other accounts.

The Justice Department also decided not to take action against the Los Angeles Times and the Knight newspaper chain for using documents from the secret Pentagon war study.

Attorney General John N. Mitchell said that the articles were not based on classified material or were written so not to reveal any secret information.

The Chicago Sun-Times and the Baltimore Sun have also published articles based on the Pentagon papers and no move has been made against them. Today the St. Louis Post-Dispatch joined the papers publishing the Vietnam history.

Meanwhile, on Capitol Hill,

congressional investigators probing government policies on classification of documents heard testimony from the president-elect of the American Society of Newspaper Editors.

J. Edward Murray, former editor of the Arizona Republic, told the House subcommittee on freedom of information that the government was engaged in "calculated and sustained charges of bias, distortion and untruths against the news media."

"I think our record in the Vietnam war," he said, "is better than that of the executive branch, and I hope one by-product of publication of the [Pentagon] papers will be [to] restore public confidence in the traditional axiom that you can believe what you read in your newspaper."

Charles A. Perlick Jr., president of the American Newspaper Guild, told the House panel that

Justice William O. Douglas, who is retiring to Washington to take part in the Supreme Court deliberations.

abridgment of the public's right to know by government censorship is "disastrous to a free society."

Chicago Sun-Times Reports

Eisenhower Sought a Vietnam United Under Pro-U.S. Regime

(Continued from Page 1)

little, if any, of the population," Mr. McNamara said.

This bleak assessment by Mr. McNamara was given to the President, according to the Post-Dispatch, at a time when both men were speaking confidentially in public of the progress being made in the U.S. military escalation begun in the spring of 1965.

Parts of this newspaper's article were similar to stories in the Chicago Sun-Times in that they reported the failure of the bombing to destroy North Vietnam's morale.

"This important war must be fought and won by the Vietnamese themselves," Mr. McNamara said. "We have known this from the beginning. But the discouraging truth is that as was the case in 1961 and 1963 and 1965, we have not found the formula, the catalyst for training and inspiring them into effective action."

The Post-Dispatch said that parts of the volatile Pentagon history received by them—several hundred facsimile copies—carried no security classification.

"Each Xeroxed page had a blank space at the bottom, however, where a strip of paper had been laid over the places where a security label usually is stamped," an official at the paper said.

Sen. Robert J. Dole, R., Kan., the GOP national chairman, last night charged that the Johnson administration was duped on the Vietnam issue by holdovers of the "Kennedy-Eastern establishment combine" that made American policy in Indochina.

Addressing some 700 Republicans attending a \$30-a-plate dinner in Phoenix, Ariz., Sen. Dole said:

"There can be no doubt that if Johnson was fooled by those liberals, his Vice-President a year later, Hubert H. Humphrey, was equally fooled."

Chicago Sun-Times reports that Eisenhower sought a Vietnam united under a pro-U.S. regime.

The documents indicate a growing sense of optimism between 1955 and 1958 in Mr. Diem's possibilities as a leader of both halves of Vietnam. Then the Viet Cong launched their insurgency and the Eisenhower administration was forced to concentrate on salvaging Diem's regime.

1964 War Games

A second article in the Sun-Times said that secret Pentagon war games indicated early in 1964 that strategic bombing of North Vietnam might be a failure and other high-level studies in 1967 concluded that the policy had indeed failed.

Despite the warnings of 1964, which emerged from computerized "Sigma Games," the administration of President Johnson ordered the bombing to begin in March, 1965, under the code name "Rolling Thunder." The bombing was to be a steady, continuous effort.

Something the war games predicted correctly was that North Vietnam could station civilians on airfields to deter U.S. bombing and, if they were hit anyway, could use the fact to propaganda advantage. But when the bombing had been under way for two-and-a-half years, the 1967 study showed that the exaggerated claims for its success had been fabricated in Vietnam and were believed by high-ranking officials in Washington.

Switch in Targets

The newspaper said that top-secret Pentagon documents and other sources also indicate significant switches in U.S. aims in bombing North Vietnam. At first, the Johnson administration thought bombing stationary targets would break the will of North Vietnam. Within a month, however, U.S. officials concluded that such attacks would not accomplish their purpose, and the U.S. began trying to stop supplies heading from North Vietnam to the South.

But by April 20, 1965, the U.S. Command concluded that bombing the North would not win the war and they would have to defeat the Viet Cong on the ground in South Vietnam.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch report on Mr. McNamara's views said that in a memo dated Oct. 14, 1968, the former defense secretary told the President: "Pacification has, if anything, gone backward." This private memo was written some 18 months after the pacification program was under way.

"As compared with two or four years ago, enemy full-time regional forces and part-time guerrilla forces are larger; attacks, terrorism and sabotage have increased in scope and intensity; more railroads are closed and highways cut; the rice crop expected to come to market is smaller; we control

News Analysis Pentagon Study Has Turbulent U.S. Politics Upside Down

By Max Frankel

WASHINGTON, June 25 (NYT)—Whatever their merit as history and whatever their fate in the courts and in the press, the secret Pentagon papers on the origins of the Vietnam war have now become a major fact of life for all three branches of the government.

The executive's handling of secret information is headed for a major overhaul.

The Congress's efforts to uncover a role for foreign policy making has been intensified.

The judicial's reluctance to involve itself in questions of war and peace and the definition of national security has been challenged.

Moreover, the Pentagon archive, its revelations and its handling by the government, are bound to affect both the politics and diplomacy of the United States.

The Senate to Judge

Although most observers here think that it is too early to judge the consequences, there is already much talk of the damage done by the revelations to Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey's chances for a second candidacy for President.

And even if the conduct of diplomacy is not injured as much as the Nixon administration contends, its hope of diverting attention from Vietnam and impressing Hanoi with the solidarity of American opinion at this stage has now been further frustrated.

This is, above all, a political city and the effects of any great issue, no matter what the stakes, are quickly translated into political calculations and party strategy.

The White House was quick to state, for instance, when the Pentagon study first broke into print, that President Nixon was pursuing a "new" Vietnam policy that should not be judged by the conduct of his predecessors. This theme was reasserted by the President's press secretary Wednesday when he announced the transmission of the 47-volume study to Congress, pointing out that it related "primarily to the Johnson and Kennedy periods" and that Mr. Nixon could not vouch for its accuracy.

Potential Events Wary

Mr. Nixon's potential rivals in the 1972 presidential election have been equally wary of the documents.

Only Rep. Paul N. McCloskey Jr., R., Calif., who plans to challenge Mr. Nixon in the Senate primaries, has directly involved himself in the controversy over disclosure, gaining a great deal of publicity but drawing back from further revelations from the Pentagon's files, however, that Congress has "been promised a complete set."

Mr. Humphrey is known to feel himself damaged by the new charges that the administration in which he served as Vice-President had misled the Congress and the country about its course in Vietnam.

Mr. Humphrey's hopes for another race against Mr. Nixon hinge, in his own estimation, on his chances of dissociating himself from the Johnson years and the Vietnam war. He has said that he did not know much about the secret plans and decisions revealed by the Pentagon papers and opposed some of those he encountered. But the House Democrats defended Mr. Johnson's reputation and said that he would not seek to improve his own reputation at the expense of the former President.

Sen. Edmund Muskie, D., Maine, who is generally regarded as the front-runner for the Democratic nomination, has been moving over more rapidly away from the war policies that helped to defend while running for Vice-President with Mr. Humphrey in 1968. He reacted to the papers by demanding safeguards against so much secrecy in the future and by proposing a system of rapid release of most government documents.

Sen. George McGovern, D., S.D., the only announced candidate described himself as startled by the revelations of "deception" and called on Congress never again to trust the executive in foreign affairs. Sen. Edward P. Kennedy, D., Mass., called for the fullest possible disclosure, even without knowing what might be revealed about the policies of his brother, President John F. Kennedy.

Question for Courts

Very few officials, former officials, potential officials in future administrations or members of Congress have offered any definite view about how they would balance the government's need to protect its diplomatic and military secrets against the need of the citizens to be informed—the difficult question that has now been posed to the courts.

Most of the opponents of President Nixon's conduct of the war, therefore, along with other critics of the executive, have thrown their support behind the move toward a full congressional inquiry into the origins of the Indochina conflict.

This is the pressure that Mr. Nixon tried to deflect by granting Congress the right to inspect

U.S. Jury Questions Woman On Ellsberg's Use of Copier

By Steven V. Roberts

LOS ANGELES, June 25 (NYT)—A federal grand jury that is investigating the disclosure of secret Pentagon study on Vietnam focused yesterday on the activities of Daniel Ellsberg.

Thus the government confirmed that Mr. Ellsberg, a former Defense Department official, is a leading suspect in its probe of how the secret documents reached The New York Times.

Mr. Ellsberg, now a senior research associate at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, has refused to discuss his part in the case.

The grand jury, which apparently started gathering evidence Wednesday, heard yesterday from Linda Siny, a freelance advertising agent who describes herself as a "dear friend" of Mr. Ellsberg.

Employed by Rand

Miss Siny, an attractive woman in her early 30s, is also a close friend of Anthony J. Russo, an economist and engineer who refused to answer grand jury questions Wednesday. Mr. Russo and Mr. Ellsberg both once worked for the Rand Corp., a research organization in Santa Monica, Calif., that does work for the Defense Department.

During her testimony yesterday morning, Miss Siny reportedly was asked whether she ever saw Mr. Ellsberg making photocopies of certain documents. She was said to have answered that, while she did see him use a photocopying machine, she could not identify the document he was copying.

Miss Siny was apparently also asked whether she had ever heard Mr. Ellsberg make statements criticizing the Vietnam war. Mr. Ellsberg, who once worked for the American Mission

in Vietnam, has frequently made such statements in public during the last two years.

The questioning was directed by Paul Vincent, chief counsel in the Internal Security Division of the Justice Department, who came here from Washington to handle the case.

Miss Siny first took the Fifth Amendment but was then granted immunity by District Judge William P. Gray. She then had the choice of testifying or facing a possible contempt charge.

She apparently agreed to talk because she did not believe her testimony would harm Mr. Ellsberg. "Her testimony will be truthful but insignificant," Luke McKissack, Miss Siny's attorney, said.

The lawyer added that Mr. Ellsberg or any other possible defendant would probably mount a "political defense," challenging the applicability of national security statutes and not quibble over small points of evidence.

When she emerged from the grand jury room yesterday afternoon, Miss Siny said that she had met Mr. Ellsberg about two years ago.


Miss Siny apparently met Mr. Ellsberg through Mr. Russo, who was then Rand's chief economist but still refused to testify. Mr. Russo is scheduled to appear before Judge Gray tomorrow and may face contempt charges.

The identity of other possible witnesses was not disclosed yesterday.

The grand jury is apparently hearing the case in Los Angeles because of the proximity of the Rand Corp. Mr. Ellsberg worked until last summer at the corporation received two of the 15 copies originally made of the 47-volume Pentagon study.

Rand officials said that they are "cooperating with authorities" in the investigation.

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Cairo Jets Didn't Fly East of Canal, UN Says

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., June 25 (AP)—UN observers have denied Israel's charges that two Egyptian Sukhoi-7 jet planes flew Tuesday over Israeli positions on the east side of the Suez Canal.

In a report to this headquarters, the observers confirmed that the Israelis had fired on the planes and later complained that both had flown over their positions.

But the observers also said that while the planes flew over the canal itself, they did not cross the east side of the canal.

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Hotel Strike Bars Chinese Envoy's Rome Reception

ROME, June 25 (AP)—The Communist Chinese ambassador to Rome canceled a reception at the Grand Hotel last night because of the continuing strike of hotel personnel in Rome.

The newspaper L'Espresso blamed the strike for a "worrisome drop" in the number of hotel registrations were off 10 percent compared to last year at this time.

The hotel strike was in effect across the nation until Wednesday at midnight. Then personnel in other cities resumed work. But Rome hotel workers extended their strike by 48 hours.

Rome workers were scheduled to go back on the job after midnight tonight.

The reception canceled was to have been given by Sheng Ping, 1st deputy. More than 300 guests, mostly of the diplomatic corps, were to have been regaled at the Grand, a luxury hotel.

Red China Loan Reported by Iraq

BEIRUT, June 25 (UPI)—Iraq has received a 14-million dollar (\$36 million) interest-free loan from Communist China, the Iraqi minister of oil and minerals, Sa'doun Hamady, announced today.

Speaking to newsmen on arrival in Baghdad from Peking, Mr. Hamady said the loan was part of the economic and technical cooperation treaty between the two countries which was signed in the Chinese capital Monday.

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Fanani Meets Brand

BONN, June 25 (AP)—Italian Senate President Antonio Fanani had a brief meeting with German Chancellor Brand today. Details of the session were not released. Mr. Fanani came to West Germany today to accept a gold from the Gustav Stresemann society in Mainz.

WEATHER

ALBANY	19	Partly Cloudy
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Senators Investigating Drugs Get a Look at the Real Thing

By Natalie Layzell

NEW YORK, June 25 (UPI).—Using obscene invective, drug addicts today threatened Sen. Harold E. Hughes, D. Iowa, with bodily harm when he stumbled into a Harlem basement being used as a "shooting gallery" for narcotics.

"I knew I was in a dangerous situation," Sen. Hughes said after the incident in the basement of a five-story building on West 137th Street, opposite Harlem Hospital.

Sen. Hughes was touring Harlem with three other senators, all members of the Special Subcommittee on Alcoholism and Narcotics. The senator is himself a cured alcoholic and has long been mentioned as a darkhorse candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination in 1972.

Shown the alleged "shooting gallery"—a place where addicts

gather to inject narcotics—from a window of the Harlem Hospital, Sen. Hughes entered the basement accompanied by newsmen, photographers and a television crew. The party walked through a dark corridor to a large area in back where there were six men.

Startled by the bright camera lights, the men confronted the senator near a table where they were reportedly preparing narcotics for use.

"Get the — out of here," one of the men screamed at Sen. Hughes. Another shouted, "I'm gonna break this knife up you."

Two young women from a drug-fighting group who had escorted the senator into the basement turned and fled at this point.

The senator also quickly turned and walked out behind the press and the three other senators who had entered afterward.

Sen. Jacob K. Javits, R. N.Y., was one of Sen. Hughes' group, with Sens. Harrison A. Williams Jr., D. N.J., and Richard S. Schweiker, R. Pa. Sen. Javits, coming out of the basement into the bright sunlight, described it as a "Strygian hole."

Sen. Hughes, though slightly shaken by the threats, said he did not see a knife during the confrontation.

"It's a tragedy that drug traffic can be so wide open that two or three senators can walk right into a shooting gallery," he said.

Despite the incident, the senators continued their walking tour, observing abandoned buildings and talking with residents who complained about lack of money for narcotics programs and lack of jobs.

It was during a visit to the United Harlem Drug Fighters detoxification unit in Harlem Hospital that the building was pointed out to Sen. Hughes.

Javits Warning

Despite a warning by Sen. Javits, the three senators turned around to see Sen. Hughes disappearing into the basement entrance. They hurried across the street and in too, only to emerge again quickly.

"We heard some screams and vile curses," Sen. Javits said.

The director of Harlem Hospital's detoxification unit, Mrs. Martha Davis, sighed after the incident, "that's only part of the whole scene." She said the "shooting gallery" had been there "for a long time."

"While the senators were in the hospital, Mrs. Davis, to demonstrate how easily drugs can be purchased on the street, gave a \$10 bill to a 16-year-old boy and told him to buy heroin."

As the senators watched from a fifth-floor window, the boy walked to a nearby candy store on 137th Street, went inside and returned with five bags of what was described as heroin. The senator said he intended to use the bags as evidence at committee hearings.

Senators Shift Radio Liberty, RFE Funding

WASHINGTON, June 25 (UPI).—The Senate Appropriations Committee voted today to end 20 years of secret Central Intelligence Agency financing of Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, which beam propaganda to Eastern Europe.

The committee proposed that the cost of supporting the two stations—estimated at \$30 million to \$35 million a year—be borne by the U.S. Information Agency, which operates the Voice of America.

Unlike the Voice of America, Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty have claimed to be privately supported, non-governmental operations.

But Sen. Clifford Case, R. N.J., in an act which caused consternation in the State Department, disclosed that the CIA had been paying almost all of the stations' costs.

The CIA's budget is kept secret even from many members of Congress and the CIA's support of the two radio stations had not been widely known.

Sen. Case said he did not object to government support for the stations, but argued that it should be done openly. He introduced a bill to provide for that.

Without waiting for its enactment, the Appropriations Committee today approved an amendment authorizing the USIA to support the stations.

The amendment was inserted into a resolution permitting government agencies to spend funds at the current rate in the new fiscal year, which starts July 1, pending approval of their individual budgets by the full Congress.

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Laos Reds Ask Cease-Fire, Talks With Other Factions

PARIS, June 24 (Reuters).—The pro-Communist Pathet Lao movement has proposed a cease-fire in Laos followed by talks between the different groups in the country to bring about "peace and national agreement," it was disclosed here today.

The proposal was contained in a telegram from the Pathet Lao leader, Prince Souphanouvong, to Premier Souvanna Phouma, which was made public by the North Vietnamese delegation to the Paris peace talks today.

The telegram, sent on Tuesday, acknowledged a letter from Souvanna Phouma to Souphanouvong, but said that the premier had not given satisfactory replies to earlier proposals put forward by the Pathet Lao leader.

Souphanouvong accused the United States of intensifying its "war of aggression" in Laos and called for a quick and unconditional end to U.S. bombing of Laotian territory.

He then made two proposals: "1. An immediate cease-fire on the whole of Laotian territory, which would include the end of American bombing and a cease-fire on the spot by the armed forces of Laos with an end to all enemy military activities on land and in the air, all acts of violation or encroachment against the

zone under the control of the opposing side.

"2. Immediately after the cease-fire on the whole of Laotian territory, the Laotian parties concerned would discuss all the questions of common interest with the aim of bringing about peace and national agreement. The meetings would take place alternately on the Plain of Jars and in Vientiane."

Souphanouvong said the aim of an immediate return to peace, followed by reconstruction of the country was wished for by the Laotian king and by progressive people in the United States.

2 Senators Act On Defense Cuts

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP).—Two senators said yesterday they will move next week to cut the defense budget by \$8.7 billion. They said Vietnamization of the war and military manpower cuts mean savings can be made.

Sen. Charles McC. Mathias Jr., R. Md., and Sen. William Proxmire, D. Wis., said their proposal would set an absolute ceiling on Defense Department spending of \$68 billion for the fiscal year beginning July 1.

The administration has asked for \$75 billion and Congress, which has not completed action on that request, has already added \$1.7 billion in salary increases, having the effect of increasing the administration request to \$76.7 billion.

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KNEE WALK—Five members of the "Manson Family" began a five-day trek last Wednesday from Hollywood's Sunset Strip to the Los Angeles Civic Center Court House on their knees. They were going "to witness the second coming of Manson." He is again standing trial, this time for the murder of Gary Hinman.

AMA Elects Urologist as New Leader

By Victor Cohn

ATLANTIC CITY, N.J., June 25 (UPI).—The American Medical Association yesterday named a Huntington, W.Va., urologist, who calls himself a "progressive conservative," as president-elect.

Dr. Charles A. (Carl) Hoffman, 66, defeated Dr. Claude E. Welch, a Boston surgeon and clinical professor at Harvard University. The vote was not announced, but Dr. Hoffman's West Virginia colleagues said that the margin was 2 to 1.

Dr. Welch was considered the more progressive candidate by AMA terms, while Dr. Hoffman was said to be the "AMPAC candidate." The AMA's American Medical Political Action Committee collects and distributes funds to further the organization's political aims.

At a news conference after the election, Dr. Hoffman was asked: "What is the greatest problem facing 'Amercian' medicine today?"

Public Unaware

"The great problem today," he said, "is the public not understanding the problem facing the physician. I go to work at 8 o'clock every morning. I come home at 8 o'clock every night.

"Every physician has a great dedication to his patients. The physicians I know are putting in long hours and seeing many patients, almost to the point of fatigue."

He was then asked how he would meet the problem of those Americans who don't have a physician.

"I don't know of a time when we can ever have enough physicians," he said. "We don't have enough plumbers."

But he pointed out that "we are graduating more and more physicians," with AMA support.

He denied that young doctors were losing interest in the AMA, although the group is suffering declining membership in proportion to the number of practicing physicians.

Medicaid Favored

Dr. Hoffman said he strongly favors Medicaid, the AMA's income tax deduction plan to finance expanded but not nationalized health insurance. He was a member of the AMA commission that wrote the plan.

The doctors re-elected Dr. Max H. Parrott of Portland, Ore., chairman of its board of trustees, a job far more powerful than the presidency.

The AMA House of Delegates urged doctors to limit their prescription of amphetamines ("pep pills" or "speed") to specific, well-recognized medical uses.

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House Rejects Move to Pay \$11 Million in Dues to ILO

By Philip Shabecoff

WASHINGTON, June 25 (NYT).—The House of Representatives rejected yesterday an amendment to an appropriations bill that would have authorized the payment of dues owed to the International Labor Organization by the United States.

The amendment, which would have added about \$11 million to a \$4 billion bill appropriating funds for the Departments of State, Justice and Commerce and related agencies, was defeated by a vote of 225 to 147.

Last year Congress cut off funds to the ILO, a United Nations agency, after the appointment of a Soviet citizen, Pavel E. Astapenko, as one of several assistant directors-general.

Rep. John J. Rooney, the powerful chairman of the House Appropriations subcommittee that recommended the fund cutoff, has been an outspoken critic of the ILO and its director-general, C. Wilfred Jenks, who is British.

"The United States, which normally pays one-fourth of the ILO budget, owes \$3.7 million for this year in dues to the organization."

In opposing the amendment to his bill on the floor of the House, Mr. Rooney suggested that the

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He Fired at Police, Fled

War Foe Slain in Gun Battle Near Nixon Stop in Chicago

CHICAGO, June 25 (AP).—Secret Service officials were investigating today the shooting death of James E. Beavers, 47, in a gun battle yesterday with Chicago police.

A sister said Beavers, a former mental patient, was strongly critical of President Nixon's Vietnam policies. He was shot dead last night in Grant Park, near one of Mr. Nixon's scheduled stops on his visit in Chicago today. The gun fight occurred a few hours before the President's arrival in Chicago.

However, John H. Hanly, special agent in charge of the Secret Service office here, said there was "no basis" at present for believing that Beavers traveled to Chicago with the intention of killing the President. Beavers' home was in Squire, W. Va.

Mr. Nixon, ending a two-day, campaign-style trip to the Middle West, came here to address a convention of retired persons.

Police said that Mrs. Rosemarie Jackson, 42, spotted Beavers carrying a revolver near a busy intersection and reported it to a patrolman who radioed for assistance.

Officers ordered Beavers to surrender as he ran into Grant Park, but he fired two shots at them, wounding one policeman in the thumb, authorities reported.

Police returned the fire and Beavers was killed.

In a telephone interview, Beavers' sister, Elizabeth Chambers, 57, said that her brother had a history of mental illness dating to World War II, during which he became shell-shocked on duty in the Pacific. She said he had been in several mental hospitals since that war.

Mrs. Chambers said Beavers was "violently against" the war in Vietnam and had tried to

phone President Nixon about it. She said her brother left West Virginia Monday without disclosing where he was going. "He said he was going to buy him a gun and take a bus or a plane," she added.

Asks Nursing-Home Reform

CHICAGO, June 25 (Reuters).—President Nixon said today that an effort should be made to reform nursing homes for the aged.

Addressing 2,000 retired persons, he declared: "If there is any single institution that symbolizes the tragic isolation and shameful neglect of older Americans, it is the substandard nursing home—unsanitary and ill-equipped, overcrowded and understaffed."

Many nursing homes for old people are described as little more than warehouses for the unwanted and "dumping grounds for the dying," he said.

Mr. Nixon added that he does not believe government subsidies—in Medicare and Medicaid—should go to substandard nursing homes.

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Police returned the fire and Beavers was killed.

In a telephone interview, Beavers' sister, Elizabeth Chambers, 57, said that her brother had a history of mental illness dating to World War II, during which he became shell-shocked on duty in the Pacific. She said he had been in several mental hospitals since that war.

Mrs. Chambers said Beavers was "violently against" the war in Vietnam and had tried to

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Obituaries
Boyd Orr, 90, Nobel Prize, Nutritionist

EDZELL, Scotland, June 25 (AP)—Lord John Boyd Orr, 90, Nobel Prize-winning scientist who battled against world hunger but confessed he really wanted to be a jazzman, died today.

Lord John, a snow-haired, pipe-smoking Scot, stirred up controversy in the United States during the era of the late Sen. Joseph McCarthy, in the 1950s, by advocating trade and friendship with Communist China and Russia.

As an established world authority on nutrition and food supply, Lord John played a major role in founding the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organization after World War II.

He served as FAO's first director general, from 1945 to 1948. Shortly after his 80th birthday he said in a newspaper interview, "Looking back on a fairly full life, there is one thing I would like to have done. I would like to have led a jazz band. I am very fond of music and would have enjoyed a musical career with plenty of dancing in it."

During World War I he served in the Medical Corps and was twice decorated for bravery.

After the war he won worldwide fame as an expert in nutritional deficiencies in animals and humans. He was professor of agriculture at Aberdeen University and founder and director of the Rowett Institute on nutrition.



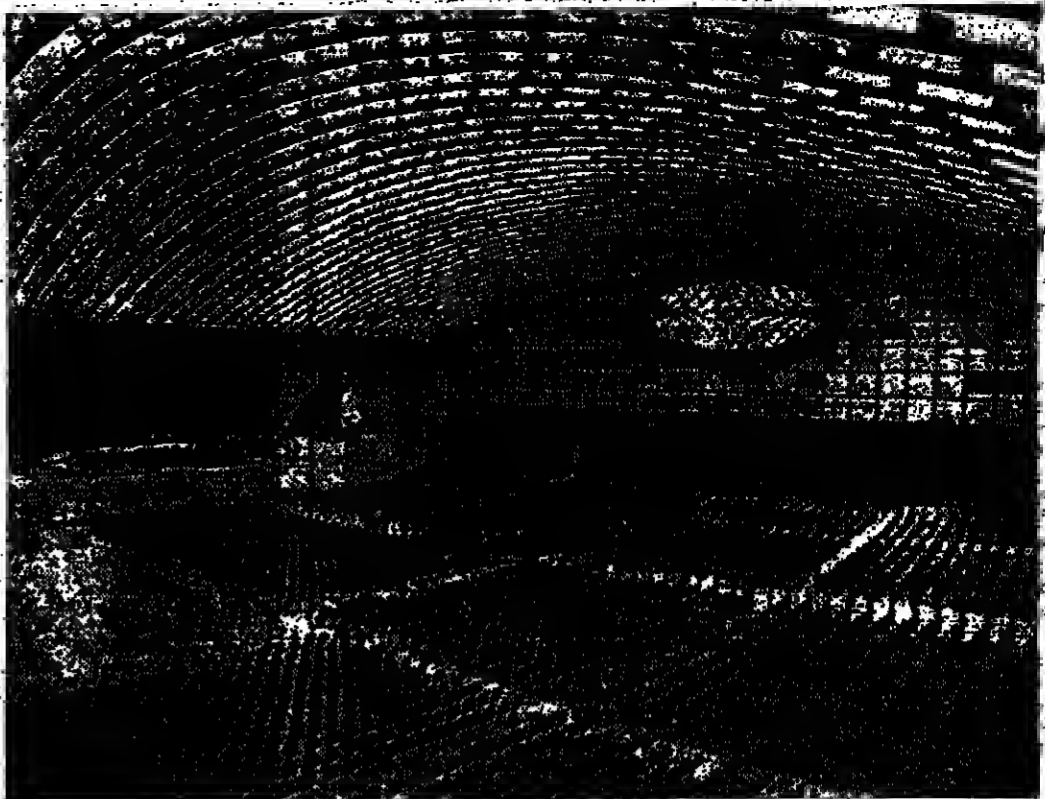
John Boyd Orr in 1949, the year he won Nobel Prize.

The British government appointed him head of a commission to investigate diet in the British people. He later said that one person in every ten was grossly undernourished. His recommendations helped to lay the foundations of the British welfare state with its free milk and other high-vitamin foods for babies and schoolchildren.

Kenny Washington
LOS ANGELES, Calif., June 25 (AP)—Kenny Washington, 52, a legendary football player for the Los Angeles Rams, died last night, the University of California at Los Angeles Medical Center said.

Mr. Washington had been suffering from polyarteritis, a heart and respiratory condition.

Mr. Washington's long, slender legs churned out a UCLA school record of 1,915 yards when he was a varsity tailback in 1937-39. It was primarily Mr. Washington who ran and passed UCLA, nearly 1,900 yards in the air, out of obscurity into national acclaim. It was also Mr. Washington who in 1946 became the first black to play in the National Football League in 13 years—with the Rams.



The new papal audience hall designed by Pier Luigi Nervi. Modern Building Close to St. Peter's

Pope's New Audience Hall Seats 6,300

VATICAN CITY, June 25 (UPI)—Officials unveiled Pope Paul VI's new audience hall today—a huge and airy building with a roof like a railway terminal and its foundations in the historic soil where Nero's circus once stood.

The building can hardly fail to arouse controversy.

For a start, it is only 50 yards south of St. Peter's Basilica, the world's biggest church, which was largely designed by Michelangelo.

Second, it cost some six billion lire (nearly \$3.6 million), a hefty sum at a time when the Pope says the Vatican is short of money.

Nonetheless, Vatican officials believe they have a bargain.

"Unlike most modern buildings, this one was built to last indef-

nitely," said Federico Alessandrini, the Vatican's spokesman, at today's press preview.

The cost includes everything from a large air-conditioning plant to an organ behind the papal podium, and from 6,300 removable seats to a pair of large, oval, stained-glass wall panels.

When the project for the hall was presented in 1964, architect Pier Luigi Nervi asked: Pope Paul how he could possibly dare to put up a building of such magnitude so close to Michelangelo's masterpiece.

"Go ahead and dare," the Pontiff is reported to have replied.

Mr. Nervi, known as the man who bent concrete (one of his famous designs is the Washington Bridge bus terminal), looked at the new structure today

and commented, "It's a building."

The architect, who turns four days ago, has provided sweeping, hangar-like roof, huge stresses of which are by a flexible underground. Because the roof itself is flexible, the walls are free standing, oval structures which are soundproofed to keep out noise of Rome traffic and provide balanced acoustics.

Bombay Rain Kills 8
BOMBAY, June 25 (AP)—Flooded low-lying areas of city today and killed eight persons in a landslide. Fire rescued 20 others buried in debris in a shanty colony of 250,000 people.

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In order to qualify for consideration this executive should presently be employed in a comparable position with a leading international corporation of the \$40,000 earnings level or higher.

Write in confidence giving full information on academic background, business experience, current earnings, home address and telephone number.

As a leading international firm of management consultants retained by our client to select this executive, we undertake that no information will be released without prior consent and after a personal interview.

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كازمان الاحمدي

Madrid Plans Fines or Jail Without Trial

Committee Votes Law Asked by Prosecutor

MADRID, June 25 (Reuters).—A committee of the Cortes (parliament) has approved a law empowering the government to impose summary fines up to a million pesetas (\$14,300) on its critics with the alternative of up to three months' detention.

The parliamentary internal-affairs committee approved the government bill last night after a two-week debate. It will become law after approval by a plenary session of the Cortes next month, but this is only a formality.

The measure will enable the government to impose fines four and five times as heavy as in the past on those it considers guilty of "acts against public order," without going through the courts.

Who Can Impose Fines
The cabinet itself will be able to impose the maximum fine, and the interior minister will be able to impose fines, up to 500,000 pesetas (\$7,150), with similar detention for those who default.

The national police chief will be able to impose fines up to 250,000 pesetas (\$3,575), with an alternative of 60 days' detention, and provincial civil governors up to 100,000 pesetas (\$1,430), with an alternative of 30 days' detention.

Widespread Protests
After widespread protests from Spanish newspapers, lawyers, and opposition leaders, the parliamentary steering committee handing amendments to the government bill, one point reduced the proposed maximum period of detention for defaulters from three months to one month.

But during the debate the powerful prosecutor of the Supreme Court, Fernando Herrezo Tejedor, successfully campaigned to get the measure toughened again.

In the past summary fines have been imposed on opposition intellectuals for acts such as sending an anti-government manifesto to U.S. Secretary of State William Rogers, staging protest sit-ins or making speeches attacking the government.

The law also provides for special courts to be set up when a state of emergency is declared.

United Extends Option to Buy Six Concorde

Denver, June 25 (AP)—

United Air Lines yesterday accepted a six-month extension of its option to purchase six super-sonic Concorde jets, UAL President Edward E. Carlson said.

Mr. Carlson said the extension, for options on delivery positions, had been proposed by the co-holders of the aircraft, British Aircraft Corp. and the French Societe Nationale Industrielle Aeronautique. The options, held by a \$1 million deposit, would have expired next Wednesday.

He said the board of directors' decision to extend the Anglo-French option for the Concorde "expresses United's continued support of advances in aircraft technology."

"We understand that progress is being made in the Concorde test program," he said. The extension should allow time for verification of guarantees on the Concorde's performance.

Although delivery would not be until 1975 or 1976, Mr. Carlson said, the airline contemplates using the Concorde on its West Coast routes and on flights to Hawaii.

Union Affiliates Quit by Hoffa

Washington, June 25 (AP)—

Frank E. Fitzsimmons, president of the two-million member Teamster Union, resigned today from all positions of leadership with the union's affiliates.

His letter of resignation went to Frank E. Fitzsimmons, Mr. Hoffa's successor as president of the giant union from which Hoffa stepped down last Monday.



CHILDREN OF WAR—Tragedy is written on the faces of these Pakistani women on the way to a refugee camp on the Indian side of the border earlier this week.

On East Pakistan Problem

India Warns of Unilateral Action

NEW DELHI, June 25 (UPI).—Foreign Minister Swaran Singh warned tonight that India "will act on its own if the world powers failed to secure a political solution of the East Bengal problem."

Mr. Singh made the warning during a press conference in New Delhi. He said that a political settlement of the East Bengal problem "involved" the agreement of Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, the East Pakistan leader, now held under guard in West Pakistan.

"We cannot look helplessly at the sufferings of the people of Bangla Desh (Bengal nation)," Mr. Singh told a general meeting

of the members of Parliament of the ruling Congress party.

He said that a political settlement of the East Bengal problem "involved" the agreement of Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, the East Pakistan leader, now held under guard in West Pakistan.

"The nation must be prepared for extreme difficulties," Mr. Singh said.

Shifted From Pakistan in 1969

U.S. Spy Base in India Eyes China Atom, Missile Activities

By William J. Coughlin

NEW DELHI, June 25.—To replace a lost spy base in Pakistan, the United States has installed highly classified electronics systems in India to monitor Chinese nuclear and missile activities.

The system, based in north India, is manned by American personnel from the Defense Communications Agency, the Pentagon's centralized communications establishment.

Installations include at least six radar units quietly supplied to India in a clandestine Pentagon program despite the supposed cutoff of U.S. military aid to India which followed its clash with Pakistan in 1965. There has been no open American military mission here since withdrawal of the U.S. military advisory group shortly after that outbreak.

The system serves much the same purpose as the former electronic spy base at Peshawar in northern Pakistan and as the radars set up in Turkey to monitor Soviet missile and space installations in southern Russia.

Wide-Range System
Much of the intelligence on Chinese nuclear and missile installations in Sinkiang Province, to the north of India, comes not from satellites but through electronic eavesdropping from here.

The system is believed to have a range extending from the subcontinent into the Indian Ocean. It also can monitor activities in Pakistan.

The Indian installation has been of major importance since the Pakistan government forced the United States to close its secret base at Peshawar, 150 miles from the Chinese border, in July, 1969, presumably as a result of pressure from its Chinese ally. Some of the equipment from Peshawar is believed to have been brought to India, although U.S. authorities let it be known at the time that it was destined for Australia.

A hint at the existence of the network came this week in the Lok Sabha, the lower house of Parliament, when a member asked if a Chinese aircraft reported

to have dropped supplies to rebels in Bihar State had been tracked "on the radar."

The so-called supplies turned out to be propaganda leaflets and other goods from a Nationalist Chinese balloon destined for the Chinese mainland but carried to India by the wind.

Krishna Menon Query
Former Defense Minister Krishna Menon, now a member of Parliament, asked whether American U-2 aircraft were operating over India.

(Peshawar was the base from which Francis Gary Powers took off on his U-2 flight over the Soviet Union in 1961.)

Disclosure of the Pentagon spy program here comes at a time when there is a large outcry in the Indian press and Parliament alleging U.S. duplicity in continuing military aid to Pakistan despite high-level promises to suspend it as a result of the outbreaks in East Pakistan.

Commenting on the report that two ships recently sailed from New York laden with arms for Pakistan, the Times of India declared yesterday that this is "wholly in accord with U.S. policy in the Indian subcontinent where one American administration after another has sought to quest the pitch for peaceful adjustment of relations between neighbors by rudely disturbing the natural balance of power between them."

Foreign Minister Swaran Singh, who returned this week from Washington believing he had assurances that U.S. arms aid to Pakistan had been cut off, called in Gaik Sone, ranking U.S. official here, in the absence of vacationing Ambassador Kenneth B. Keating, for an explanation. A large parliamentary delegation visited the U.S. Embassy to protest the shipments.

In this atmosphere, the disclosure that the Indian government itself is involved in a Pentagon cold war project was expected to prove embarrassing to New Delhi.

© Los Angeles Times

Big 4 Make No Gains in Berlin Talk

Russians Reported Awaiting Instructions

By Ellen Lentz

BERLIN, June 25 (NYT).—The ambassadors of the United States, Britain, France and the Soviet Union failed today to achieve progress at the 22nd meeting of their confidential talks aimed at improving the Berlin situation.

"The diplomats marked time," an aide said, "in the absence of new Russian instructions." Russian negotiators have told the West unofficially they expect further instructions from Moscow that might resolve some of the remaining differences.

But they warned that the fresh approach may take some time coming. The present deadlock was in contrast to earlier reports of progress registered by officials in the last two months.

Western officials said the Big Four envoys have decided to continue their conference without a summer break with meetings slated at normal intervals of two to three weeks. The next session is scheduled for July 8.

In between, the diplomatic experts, who carry the bulk of the work load, will continue to meet.

One of the remaining stumbling blocks in the negotiations, which opened 15 months ago, is Bonn's link with the divided city, isolated 110 miles inside East Germany.

Observers noted that the East Germans, long adamant in seeking to cut those ties, today took a more accommodating stand in an editorial in their party paper, Neues Deutschland.

"We are in favor of normalization of relations with West Berlin, and therefore we wish for success of the four-power negotiations," the paper said. "A settlement demands recognition, however, that West Berlin is a city with a special political status that does not belong to the Federal Republic and will never belong to it."

Western diplomats welcomed the statement as "a move in the right direction," away from the Communists' earlier insistence that the Western outpost be considered a "separate political entity" cut off from ties with East and West.

Brandt Calls for Resumption Of Talks Between Germanys

By David Binder

BONN, June 25 (NYT).—Chancellor Willy Brandt said today that it is time to resume talks on establishing formal relations between the two Germanys.

At the annual meeting of the Foreign Policy Society, the West German leader said: "The differences that divide us, as deep-reaching as they are, do not justify delaying the movement toward relaxation of tensions and a secure peace even for one day. It is time that both governments talk to each other about regulating relations of both states."

The remarks were apparently aimed at East Germany's new leader, Erich Honecker, who succeeded Walter Ulbricht as Communist party chief last month.

Talks between East and West Germany were broken off a year ago at Kassel after Mr. Brandt and Premier Willi Stoph found they could reach no common ground.

In the meetings at Kassel and earlier in Erfurt, East Germany, the East German side insisted that Bonn give "full diplomatic recognition" to East Berlin, a favorite formula of Mr. Ulbricht.

Bonn's response was that relations between the two states could not be of the habitual diplomatic character because Germany still constitutes one nation.

According to authoritative East Berlin sources, Mr. Ulbricht came increasingly into conflict with

his Soviet allies over his stubborn insistence on diplomatic recognition by Bonn. The sources said last week this was one of the principal causes of Mr. Ulbricht's removal.

Last week Mr. Honecker told his party's eighth congress that he would settle for something less than diplomatic relations with Bonn, apparently in compliance with Soviet wishes.

Mr. Brandt's address today was described in official circles as a response to a statement issued May 18 by Mr. Honecker and the Soviet party chief, Leonid I. Brezhnev, in which the two declared: "Establishment of formal relations according to the norms of international law" between East Berlin and Bonn had acquired "special topicality."

Last October sides of the two German governments began a series of talks on a transport agreement, designed to serve ultimately as an adjunct to the four-power negotiations aimed at a settlement of the Berlin problem.

Jury Indicts Leslie Bacon

New York, June 25 (UPI)—

Leslie Bacon was indicted yesterday by a federal grand jury on charges of making bombs and conspiring to blow up the First National City Bank last Dec. 4.

Miss Bacon, 19, has already been indicted in New York by another grand jury on conspiring to bomb the same bank. The indictment alleged that Miss Bacon made two incendiary devices on Oct. 12, 1970, and four others on Dec. 4.

Six other persons, who have already been convicted in state court of conspiring to bomb buildings in New York, were named as conspirators.

China Calls U.S. 'Most Ferocious Enemy of Asia'

Hong Kong, June 25 (UPI)—

Mainland China's most authoritative newspaper today described the United States as "the most ferocious enemy of the people of Asia and the whole world."

In an editorial commemorating the outbreak of the Korean War 21 years ago today, the Peking People's Daily accused the United States of trying "to slice Taiwan off from China" and to put pressure on President Khan to allow an independent Bangla Desh they will be "disappointed."

The People's Daily is the organ of the Chinese Communist party's Central Committee.

"Up to now," the editorial said, "U.S. imperialism is still occupying China's Taiwan province, subjecting the 14 million compatriots there to colonial oppression and enslavement. It even flagrantly fabricates the falsehood that sovereignty over Taiwan is 'unsettled' and steps up the plot of the so-called 'two Chinas'."

Taiwan is an inseparable part of China's sacred territory, and the Chinese people are determined to liberate it.

"What deserves attention is that U.S. imperialism is currently making use of the revived Japanese military more keenly as a shock brigade in its aggression in Asia."

The editorial cited the recent U.S. agreement to return Okinawa to Japan as a development that "has pushed forward their military collusion."

Mexicans Have Report

Mexico City, June 25 (UPI)—

Two Mexican newspapers yesterday began publishing parts of a secret Pentagon study of the Vietnam war. Newsday said it had been provided with the articles by the Washington Post, while El Heraldo said its source was Newsweek.

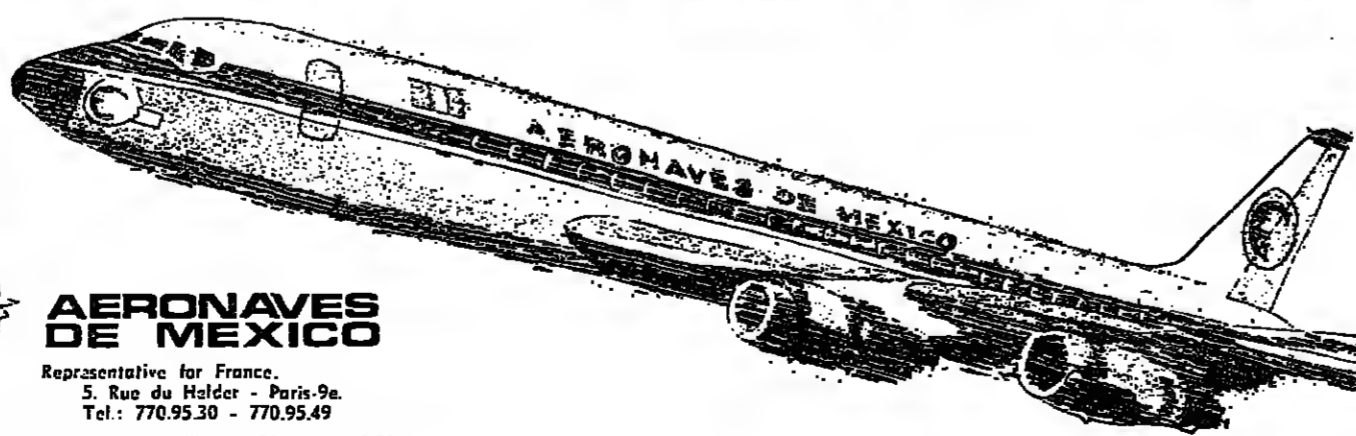
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On your journey to Mexico choose the route of the sun and from the airport you will start to feel the unequalled Mexican Hospitality. With us, Mexico starts in Paris offering you a more comfortable and unforgettable journey.

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Welcome to our Super DC8-63.

Handwritten Arabic text at the bottom of the page, possibly a signature or a note.

Britain's Great Debate

The Common Market has been discussed in Britain for years; now it must be debated—and much hangs on the outcome. Both Labor and Conservative governments have supported their country's entry into Europe; both Labor and Conservative parties have always contained vocal dissidents on the issue. Facts as practical as a fisherman's livelihood and historical analogies going back to the Conquest (if not to Alfred the Great) have been cited on both sides of the argument. This summer should see the whole dichotomy crystallized, in the minds of the members of Parliament if not of the people, and the decision rendered.

The actual negotiations with the Six have given answers to most of the specific questions raised against the British association in Britain, from Commonwealth sugar to the fate of the marginal crofters. Not all the answers will be satisfactory to all the objectors; of course, the compromise on New Zealand butter may seem eminently reasonable to some, but a "sell-out" to others. And the details of the agreements are sure to create a great deal of haggling and oratorical. Nevertheless, it would seem, from a point outside the fog of battle, that the specifics have been dealt with fairly, and that the debate should hang on the basic premises of the Common Market.

These are two-fold in essence. One aspect is that the dynamism of Europe—a Europe deprived of colonial empire but rich in human and technological resources—should not be dissipated in political or economic competition. The other is virtually a corollary of the first: that a divided Europe is in a poor position to compete with such existing economic giants as the United States, the Soviet Union and Japan. To

maintain a high standard of living, a European role in the world, and a reasonable counter-balance to the giants, Europe needs both the Market and its diplomatic implications.

For Britain, this can involve hard choices. When 19th-century "splendid isolation" proved impractical, Britons turned to such concepts as imperial federation and Anglo-Saxon hegemony. Neither worked for any length of time. It is said now that the British are the only people who still believe in the Commonwealth, and the Churchillian "special association" with the United States would almost inevitably mean a British tail to an American kite. In cold fact, when the military chips were down, Britain has always opted for that Continent which begins (like other things) at Calais, rather than for either dominion over palm and pine or the ties of a common misunderstanding of the works of William Shakespeare.

In both of the critical cases, the choice of the Continent was obscured by Commonwealth support and the eventual entry of the New World to maintain the balance of the Old. And both were very costly in men and money; both disappointing in long-term results. To accept a more or less permanent, and intimate, link to Europe is not only offensive to xenophobes, but puts a period to an old story of imperial glory and more recent theories about socialism in one country. In Britain's debate—however admixed with purely political or narrowly national considerations—there are great emotional and intellectual issues at stake. It is to be hoped that Britain will settle for a greater Europe, rather than a littler England, but the detached observer must sympathize with a nation in its moment of truth.



The Secrecy Tangle

By James Reston

WASHINGTON.—The partial disclosure of the Pentagon Papers has already produced two important developments. It has forced the administration to turn over all the documents in the McNamara study to Congress for analysis, and it has started a powerful movement to return the present system of distributing and classifying official information.

Even before the invention of the Xerox copying machine, the government regulations for dealing with official documents were disorganized and capricious. Since that invention, which enables many more officials to make and retain copies of classified papers, the system has become chaotic.

For example, William G. Monroe, a recently retired Pentagon security expert, has just estimated for Congress that the government now has "at least 20 million classified documents, including reproduced copies, on file. These include, he said, published commercial information and even newspaper clippings, which never should have been classified. Disclosure of information in at least 99 and one-half percent of these classified documents," he said, "could not be prejudicial to the defense interests of the United States."

There are rules under Executive Order 10451 on who can classify official information and how it should be classified, but the higher up the executive ladder you go, the greater the confusion over who can retain copies of classified material.

Obeying the Rules

Some officials, like former Secretary of State Dean Acheson, were so scrupulous about abiding by the rules that they even lost many valuable private letters that contained official information. Similarly, some officials who have been criticized for their contributions to the Pentagon Papers—McGeorge Bundy, for example, find themselves in the awkward position of not having copies of their own memos that are now the object of public criticism.

Examples of the confusion abound. Former Secretary of Defense McNamara, who ordered the Pentagon study in the first place, was advised that he did not have authority to declassify the Pentagon Papers, but former Secretary of State John Foster Dulles personally declassified the top-secret Yalta papers and gave them to this reporter.

It is not at all clear what papers officials are permitted to take away with them when they leave office, what is regarded as a private paper and what as a public paper. Ever since Herbert Hoover, Presidents have tended to take whatever papers they like and to keep them secret, even when they are the only record available.

This, of course, is a very old story. It was only a few years ago that the Adams papers were finally made public by the descendants of President John Quincy Adams. With the development of highly sensitive telephone recording equipment, the United States now has a better written record of some aspects of prime ministerial and political activity during the Suez war than the British government.

Another problem is the selective release of historical documents to scholars noted for their professional skill and sometimes for their sympathetic natures. One historian at the Institute for Advanced Study, in Princeton, for example, was savagely criticized by another historian for his writ-

ings on the Dominican Republic crisis during the Johnson administration. The second historian was given access to the classified documents on that event, but when the first historian sought access to the same documents to defend himself, his request was refused.

Donovan's Book

During the first Eisenhower administration, Sherman Adams asked Robert Donovan, then of the New York Herald Tribune and now of the Los Angeles Times, to write a book on the first Eisenhower term. He agreed to do so on the conditions that he should have access to the relevant secret documents and that his manuscript not be edited. These conditions were met. He was granted a "Q Clearance" to see the documents not available to others, and wrote a very fine book as a result.

There is, then, a difference between the public reaction to the publication of "secret documents" and the reaction of many men and women here, who know how unpredictable, personal, and disorganized the classifying and declassifying procedures are. Documents are released sometimes for political reasons, sometimes to promote or block policies, sometimes to keep the whole record from being distorted by selective documents taken out of context.

This is not an everyday occurrence, but it is common. It is always condemned by those who want a better system both for classifying and declassifying confidential information or by those who get hurt by the "leaks," but usually practiced by those who stand to gain by disclosures, however unauthorized.

So while there are undoubtedly distortions and even misleading interpretations coming out of the Pentagon Papers, even many officials here who decry so massive a disclosure concede that something good may also come out of it.

At least the senators and congressmen elected by the people are now to have the information available to many officials and newspapermen who were not cleared by the people, and if a well-balanced committee or committees of the Congress now take time to analyze the material, some of the lessons of the past will eventually come out, which was what McNamara had in mind in the first place.

Beyond that, the organized confusion of the rubber-stamp brigade may now be reformed by new congressional or executive regulation. It will never be quite brought under orderly control—not with a photo-copying machine in every bureaucratic closet. But it will be changed and it cannot possibly be changed without being improved.

Labor and Its Lemmings

By Anthony Lewis

LONDON.—It is not only in myth that kingdoms are lost for want of a nail. In the real world, what seem little matters of timing and procedure may affect great political events. So history may see the decision of the British Labor party's executive, just taken, to hold a special party conference next month on whether this country should join the European Common Market.

The move for an early party meeting was pressed by the all-out opponents of British entry. Their victory was widely cheered by the party's left wing. But why should they care so much? What real difference does it make to them whether Labor's delegates consider the market issue in July or in their regular conference at the beginning of October? It is in the search for that motive that the significance of the little procedural step may appear.

One theory with weighty support is that Labor's anti-market cretars are not going to be satisfied with a party vote to oppose ratification of the terms negotiated with the market by the Conservative government. They want to go on to a commitment that the next Labor government would pull Britain out of the European Community.

At Stake

Such an objective on the part of the anti-market group would explain its emphasis on the early special meeting. For if the party waited until October to take a stand against ratifying the treaty, another year would pass before the next conference could consider the more extreme position. And by then—if Parliament had approved—Britain would be on the verge of membership, and the whole thing would look like a fait accompli.

The intricacies of Britain's in-

ternal struggle over joining the Common Market interest few Americans. But as the strategy just suggested makes clear, there is much more involved here than passing manure. The whole structure of politics in Britain could be at stake.

The Labor party has for a long time encompassed people of extraordinarily varied opinions and temperaments. It includes traditional trade-unionists interested mainly in the pay envelope, left-wing ideologues, pragmatists of generally progressive views, and so on. They are held together, barely, by a mutual desire for power, and by a tacit willingness not to press their differences too far.

Species of Fantasy

But it is another matter for one wing of the party to force through a public commitment that a Labor government would undo Britain's most important international undertaking in a very long time. How could men who deeply believe in the European venture run on such a platform? And they include the Labor party's deputy leader, Roy Jenkins, and its spokesmen on foreign and defense affairs, Denis Healey, Harold Lever and George Thomson.

It may be said that a pledge to take Britain out of the Common Market is a species of fantasy. The Treaty of Rome makes no provision for withdrawal, and for this country to denounce the treaty soon after finally adhering to it would be likely to bring on such shattering diplomatic and economic consequences that even politicians most skeptical about the Common Market would be unlikely to carry out the threat.

But the men who will carry the real weight of the anti-

Channel Bridge

By Anatole Shub

PARIS.—The ultimate power lay with Georges Pompidou and Edward Heath. The haggling over bread and (New Zealand) butter was done by Maurice Schumann, Geoffrey Rippon, and a horde of civil servants.

But for insiders at both the Elysee Palace and No. 10 Downing Street, the usual hero of Britain's entry into the Common Market is Christopher Soames, Her Britannic Majesty's Ambassador to Paris. A bluff Tory politician appointed by Laborite George Brown, then Foreign Secretary, the burly 6-foot-4 inch Soames proved right on a half-dozen occasions when higher-ups and diplomatic professionals were advising the contrary.

For the 60-year-old Soames, Europe is a life, a passion and a cause which means primarily the strongest possible bonds between Britain and France. A former Coldstream Guards captain who holds the French Croix de Guerre, Soames served as wartime liaison officer to the Free French Forces under Generals Koenig and De Lattre de Tassigny. He met and married Mary Churchill while a military attaché at the Paris embassy.

When General de Gaulle first vetoed Britain's entry in 1963, Soames (then minister of agriculture) went openly. But when Harold Wilson launched Britain's second bid for entry in 1967, Soames (out of Parliament for the first time since 1959) protested—privately but strongly. The Foreign Office professionals who were managing Wilson's bid were trying to force Britain's entry by playing the five other Common Market partners against France. No, said Soames, the best way, and the only way, to get in is to reach an understanding directly with the French.

George Brown, who had the same hunch but was inhibited by both Wilson and the Foreign Office, remembered Soames's clear advice when De Gaulle's second veto proved him right. Despite raised eyebrows in Whitehall, Brown named Soames ambassador to Paris in March, 1968, because he thought him the single Briton most likely to enjoy De Gaulle's confidence.

The 1968 'Events'

Less than a year later, De Gaulle—shaken by the May 1968, French student-worker revolt and the Soviet invasion of Czechoslovakia—was ready to talk seriously about British entry. He did so in a long conversation with Soames, which the ambassador immediately recognized (nearly everyone now admits this) was a direct overture to Britain. Soames was for keeping the talk confidential, but Wilson made it public—thus ending the dialogue in the heat of what became known as "the Soames affair." In his memoirs published last month, Wilson virtually admits his blunder, but blames it on the Foreign Office.

Undeterred, Soames kept pleading the cause of Anglo-French collaboration with Pompidou's new French government. By the time Heath became prime minister last summer, Soames was categorically searing the

government that Pompidou initially wanted Britain in whatever Foreign Office from whom might think or shall Gaullist diplomats might in the negotiations ahead.

Soames was also insisting last summer that "the political must do it. If it's left to civil servants, they'll kill it." He was fully aware that, on the French and British side, many of the civil servants do the full-time negotiating. Brussels were embittered veterans of the Anglo-French clashes, 1961-63.

Private Campaign

When, last March, it seemed that the civil servants had decided to manage to deadlock negotiations, Soames declared publicly that the talks were off unless the political leadership gave "firm instructions" to a compromise. He also began campaigning privately for Heath-Pompidou meeting.

Pompidou at last gave "firm instructions" to his envoys in early May, producing the big breakthrough at Brussels. As for the summit, one high official at 10 Downing Street himself a veteran diplomat, said: "It was the best-prepared summit I have ever seen. A Christopher deserves nearly the credit."

Soames had to fight those who wished Pompidou and Heath confine their discussions to broad generalities, leaving the he pounds-shillings-and-francs to Kippon, Schumann, and the British. Soames argued, the man at the top must settle everything, or at least as much as possible in 15 days.

Heath took Soames's advice, and the remarkable summit saw both of British and French special working day and night, ratify and re-refining policy papers, feeding them to the prime minister and prime minister. As a result the summit produced accord only on the future of Common Market institutions, but also the issues of the pound sterling and Britain's contributions to the Common Market budget. Inside claim that, had the summit lasted another half-day, Pompidou and Heath would have settled New Zealand as well.

Soames doubtless deserves much credit, too, for the Elysee Palace current realistic appreciation of "Heath's domestic problems at the tricky arithmetic of 100 francs of Common Market. Even before the last two negotiating rounds at Luxembourg, Pompidou publicly recognized that the Europe would have to do all they could to "help" Britain enter the market.

In normal political circumstances, Soames might be expected to be rewarded with a cabinet post, even that of foreign secretary. But a seat in Commons is required, and for the moment—with the swing to Labor running from 10 to 18 percent—there are no "safe" Tory seats. Soames is too young and energetic for a life peerage, which would be less challenging than the continuing task of consolidating a new Elysée Cordiale. Besides, as both his non-vivant requests and political record indicate, Soames loves France.

Trade Conflict With Japan

The most troublesome problems between Japan and the United States remain those in the economic area. The Japanese textile industry has said it would put into effect July 1 its program of self-restraint on textile exports to the United States. Under this program, overall Japanese textile shipments to America would grow by 5 percent in the next 12 months and by 6 percent in each of the following two years, but there would be no specific quotas on categories of products.

The Nixon administration, hard-pressed by the American textile industry, regards these restraints as inadequate. It is now putting heavy pressure on the smaller Asian countries—Taiwan, South Korea and Hong Kong—to adopt tighter category-by-category limits on textile exports to the United States. Sen. Javits of New York has told the Senate that, once the administration gets these agreements with the smaller Asian countries, it can use the Agricultural Act of 1956 to impose compulsory textile quotas on Japan. He suggests that the Japanese shape their own unilateral restraints to meet the terms the United States is seeking with other Asian countries.

Japan—facing tough, lower-cost competition in textiles from the underdeveloped countries—is going to be a declining producer and exporter of textiles in any case. The Japanese government has taken note of this prospect by launching a broad adjustment-assistance program to help firms get out of the textile business and into areas where they can compete more effectively.

Tighter curbs on textile exports may be a reasonable price for improved Japanese-American trade relations. As Sen. Javits observed, disposition of the textile issue could clear the road for congressional movement on "forward-looking" trade legislation. It would also remove the threat of a reprehensible but dangerous attack on the Okinawa treaty by the sizable "textile bloc" in Congress.

Japan is finally waking up to the need to get rid of its own protectionist barriers to trade and foreign investment. It is dismantling its import quotas at a good pace but is still moving too slowly on foreign investment.

However, Japan's belated moves toward liberalization are unlikely to solve the heavy imbalance in trade and payments that has developed vis-a-vis the United States and other countries as a result of undervaluation of the yen and the consequent cheapness of Japanese goods.

Premier Sato, under heavy pressure from Japanese exporters, is proclaiming his determination to hold the yen at its present rate of 360 to the dollar. But if Japan does not upvalue, it will inevitably foster protectionist pressures against it in other countries. A revaluation of the yen is by no means opposed to Japan's overall interests; it would increase Japanese purchasing power in foreign markets, provide more goods for consumers at home, help check inflation and pave the way for liberal trade on a multilateral basis.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

The Senate Strikes Back

The U.S. administration may well explain that the vote [on the Mansfield amendment] does not reflect the viewpoint of the whole Congress and that the House will also have its say; the impression caused is nonetheless startling. And the President finds his room for maneuver further reduced in the face of the Communist negotiators: The latter will be more than ever convinced that victory is at the muzzle of a gun and that time is working for them. The vote, quite evidently, was very much influenced by the press disclosure concerning the origins of the war in Vietnam. The Senate, resenting the encroachment of its right to control foreign policy, seized the first opportunity of expressing its distrust and irritation. In so doing, it boosted the powerful trend of opinion aimed at ending in the shortest possible time a conflict whose unpopularity is now beyond remedy.

—From Les Echos (Paris).

Footnotes to History

With sensitive Pentagon documents appearing in American newspapers, Mr. Nixon has understandably declared himself in favor of publishing all 47 volumes. It cannot be pleasant to see selected documents revealed, with hindsight, out of context. While one purloined letter can cause a scandal, all the documents together might ally criticism. It has already been pointed out that the Nixon administration is much less implicated by these revelations than others. Indeed, at a time when Senator Edward Kennedy is doing his utmost to embarrass the present war leadership, it is ironic to read that it was President John Kennedy who in 1961 pushed for American ground involvement in Vietnam. John Kennedy, the idol of the peace-seekers today, presided over the removal of President Ngo Diem, which committed America more deeply yet in the war itself.

—From the Daily Telegraph (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

MADRID.—The Senate yesterday rejected by 88 against 44 votes the proposal of Senator Comas that the protocol of 1877 with the United States should be denounced. Senator Jimeno, speaking in support of the proposal, traced the progress of the Cuban question and pointed out how Spain had encountered hostility on the part of the United States. He then criticized the acts of the Spanish government whom he accused of weakness.

Fifty Years Ago

WASHINGTON, D.C.—Official reports reaching here say that Mexico is preparing to claim nine islands off the coast of California or to demand payment for them. These islands include Santa Barbara, Santa Rosa and Parrion, all outside the three-mile limit off the coast. Senator Aguirre, Mexican Under Secretary of Agriculture, is said to maintain that the United States has no claim whatsoever to the islands. Mexico's claim is from a Spanish Queen's edict in 1835.

مركزنا التحليل

As Woman Is Jailed in Odessa

5 Witnesses Defiantly Silent At Kishinev Trial of 9 Jews

MOSCOW, June 25 (UPI)—Soviet courts today sentenced a Jewish woman in Odessa to two years' imprisonment for oral defamation of the state. And in the Kishinev trial of nine Jewish men on charges of spreading anti-Soviet propaganda, the possibility arose that five bally witnesses—who refused to testify against the accused—might themselves be tried for anti-state crimes.

Rabbi Kahane Has Talk With Soviet Envoy

By B. D. Cohen

WASHINGTON, June 25 (WP)—The founder of the militant Jewish Defense League said that he met privately with the first secretary of the Soviet Embassy on June 23.

Mr. Shimanovsky was unavailable for comment last night. A JDL spokesman said that the conversation began shortly after Mr. Shimanovsky returned to his home at about 9:15 p.m. and found 75 JDL pickets there.

15 Seized at Embassy

WASHINGTON, June 25 (UPI)—Fifteen members of the Jewish Defense League, including Rabbi Kahane, were arrested today in a clash with police outside the Soviet Embassy.

Russians Say Salyut Crew As Well After 300th Orbit

MOSCOW, June 25 (UPI)—Three Soviet cosmonauts had the Salyut orbital station's first specimen to circle the earth more than 300 times today.

PARIS AMUSEMENTS PARIS SUMMER FESTIVAL JULY 5-SEPTEMBER 5

talked at testifying in the trial, which began Monday. The nine defendants in Kishinev are charged with alleged anti-Soviet activity growing out of a 1970 plot to hijack a Russian aircraft and use it to flee to Israel.

There have been four other trials in the case, including one in Leningrad in November in which 11 persons were convicted of attempted hijacking.

Of the nine in the dock in Kishinev, four were named in testimony as having known of the hijack plot.

The others were accused of stealing an office copying machine and transporting it from Kishinev to Leningrad for use in producing Zionist tracts.

The agency said Hillel Shur had refused to speak for the first four days of the trial, maintaining that the Kishinev court had no jurisdiction in his case.

The woman sentenced in Odessa was identified by Jewish sources as Raisa Palatnik, a 35-year-old librarian in that Ukrainian port city.

Defected Soviet Space Aide Interrogated in Detail by U.K.

LONDON, June 25 (AP)—British authorities revealed today that they have been questioning Russian defector Anatoly Fedoseyev for more than a week, but they refused to say what he may have disclosed about the Soviet space and defense programs.

In the past, government officials here have said only that Mr. Fedoseyev received permission last weekend to stay in Britain. But today sources with access to the reports on his interrogation said that Mr. Fedoseyev actually arrived in Britain early this month.

This means that the British have questioned him for between one and three weeks. So far they have refused to make public such relatively unimportant facts as the names and ages of Mr. Fedoseyev's wife and daughter, all still in the Soviet Union.

Mr. Fedoseyev, 61, is a prominent electronics engineer. He is a technician rather than a planner.

and Vitaly Sevastianov, on their 18th day. "The good, businesslike atmosphere aboard Salyut gives us confidence the crew will fulfill the flight program with honors," he said.

It said the Soyuz-9 crew suffered from lack of exercise. The Salyut crew exercises at least two and a half hours a day, using elasticized exercise suits to put tension on muscles and keep them firm.



Van Dyck's "Four Studies of the Head of a Negro," 10 by 25 1/2 inches, which sold for about \$1 million.

A Titian Fetches \$4,032,000 at London Auction

(Continued from Page 1)

Titian was about \$80,000, set three years ago. British art circles, worried that the Titian will also leave the country, reacted swiftly.

The Titian masterpiece shows the hunter Actaeon fleeing from Diana, the goddess of hunting, whom he had disturbed while she was bathing with her attendants.

15 Mafia Men Shifted to Penal Island Off Sicily

ISLE OF ASINARA, Italy, June 25 (AP)—The Italian Navy today deposited 15 reputed Mafia bosses on this prison island off the coast of northwest Sardinia.

The "Mafiosi" arrived by navy corvette from the Isle of Filicudi off Sicily. A revolt by Filicudi inhabitants forced the Italian government to transfer the men after a month's stay.

The only residents of Asinara are 350 prisoners, most of them serving life terms, and 100 guards and their families.

Officials have said that the Mafia exiles will be kept away from the other prisoners who, unlike the "Mafiosi," were sent here after trial and conviction of a crime.

Anna Thomson Dodge, sold as nine lots today, brought a total of \$1,585,590. This brought the total of objects from the Dodge collection, sold by Christie's in a series of sales, to \$4,611,004, a record for the sale of a collection.

Two of the Dodge paintings sold today—great works by Francois Boucher, an 18th-century French court painter—were bought by the New York dealer French and Co. for \$1,068,000, four times the previous Boucher record.

The second highest price in the sale was \$400,000 (\$1,008,000) by the New York dealers French and Co. Inc. for Van Dyck's oil sketch of four Negro heads. This was more than ten times the previous record for a Van Dyck.

World records were also set for works by Veronese, Eshelmer, Bellotto and Grimmer. In each case, the record more than doubled the previous one.

Yet, several paintings brought bids far lower than Christie's experts had expected. A Rembrandt portrait brought a bid of only \$403,200, and works by Eals, Van Goyen and Caravaggio, represented by what experts considered to be one of his finest works, sold for less than the anticipated prices.

The sale of the Eshelmer work was of particular interest because it came from an anonymous owner who did not know its value until two of Christie's experts identified the two small panels as parts of the altar piece which once belonged to the Medici, of which the Frankfurt Museum owned the center. The Frankfurt Museum bought the two panels today for \$143,840.

Eleven paintings from the Detroit collection of the late Diana, the goddess of hunting, whom he had disturbed while she was bathing with her attendants.

Mr. Moczarski's new post makes him responsible for auditing the state's financial affairs and probing all treasury matters. Although an important one, it is not so influential as the previous departments he once had under his wing—the army, security, administration and health.

Mr. Moczarski was elevated into the new ruling Politburo of party leader Edward Giersek last December, when Wladyslaw Gomułka was ousted from power during bloody food-price riots.

His political decline started in early April with unconfirmed reports that he had suffered a heart attack. Whatever the cause, he disappeared from the public eye for nearly two months.

Sources hinted that Mr. Giersek and Mr. Moczarski, a hardliner, had "differences of opinion" on many subjects.

Mr. Moczarski still holds a seat in the Politburo but observers believe he will also lose this during the party's forthcoming congress—expected some time later this year or early 1972.

Mr. Starowicz had been in the Secretariat since 1963 although he never held a seat in the Politburo. Observers say his support for the party's anti-Israel line in the Middle East war of 1967 enabled him to maintain his position despite his Jewish origin.

Mr. Moczarski, 57, a former secret police chief whose power has waned in recent months, was "relieved" because of his election to the Supreme Chamber of Control, said the official news agency PAF.

The decision was announced at the second day of the tenth party plenum of the Central Committee, meeting to discuss "organizational matters."

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Poles Again Demote Moczars, Once a Power in the Party

WARSAW, June 25 (AP)—Mieczyslaw Moczarski, a member of Poland's Politburo and at one time regarded as a possible contender for the party leadership, was today relieved of his duties in the party Secretariat, the executive body of the Politburo.

Mr. Moczarski, 57, a former secret police chief whose power has waned in recent months, was "relieved" because of his election to the Supreme Chamber of Control, said the official news agency PAF.

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Britain Raises Level of Talks With Rhodesia

SALISBURY, June 25 (Reuters)—Secret Anglo-Rhodesian discussions appeared to be moving into higher gear tonight as Britain assigned a high-level diplomat to join talks aimed at clearing the way for formal negotiations to end the Rhodesian independence dispute.

Sir Philip Adams, a deputy secretary in the cabinet office, is expected here in the Rhodesian capital at any moment. His meeting with senior Rhodesian officials could significantly broaden the scope of discussions to establish an agenda for formal negotiations between Prime Minister Ian Smith and British leaders.

Another British envoy, Philip Mansfield, chief political officer in the Rhodesia department of the Foreign Office, has been holding closed-door talks with Rhodesian officials since his arrival three days ago.

The British probe is aimed at finding out whether there are enough areas of agreement between the British and Rhodesians to justify the reopening of negotiations—and, presumably, to offer at least a chance of success.

A bitter "family" feud flared when Rhodesia unilaterally seized independence from British colonial rule in 1965. There is general agreement in the Rhodesian capital that the chances of a settlement are better now than ever.

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ART MARKET

Miniatures Reach Level Of the Old Masters

By Souren Melikian

PARIS, June 25 (UPI).—Next Wednesday a sale at Christie's will focus attention on one of the most significant trends in the art market: the rise of "the precious art"—miniatures painted on enamel, gold snuffboxes and other objects made on a small scale in materials that give them the appearance of jewelry.

Some of the finer objects in a sale three weeks ago at Christie's went for staggering prices. A portrait of Sir Francis Drake by Nicolas Hilliard, one of the most famous miniature painters of the Elizabethan period, sold for 23,000 guineas. It was dated 1581, had a famous provenance (it had belonged to Horace Walpole and was acquired by the 13th Earl of Derby at the Strawberry Hill sale of May 17, 1842). Even so, the sum was enormous for a portrait 1 1/8 inches high.

Another lot went for 62,000 guineas. It was a 5-1/8-inch-diameter portrait of a lady, also from Horace Walpole's collection. It was dated 1638 and Isaac Oliver's signature enhanced its value since he and Hilliard were perhaps the masters of their craft at the time. The identification of the lady, on the other hand, is uncertain, so that it lacks the historic value of the portrait of Drake.

Conventional

The 6,200 guineas paid for an unfinished miniature by Oliver was also a striking price. Measuring 3 1/8 inches in height, it is a far from unique work. The catalogue says that it is a sketch for a portrait in the collection of Queen Elizabeth. Similar versions are in the collections of the Duke of Devonshire and Brinsley Ford. Aesthetically, it is a good portrait, finely drawn, but in the conventional style of the late 16th century, while it is rare, it can hardly be considered an important work of art, which makes its price comparatively higher than those paid for the other two and therefore more significant.

The category is now considered to be virtually on a level with the larger traditional oil painting by old masters. A parallel trend is provided by the gold boxes of a rarer type. Remarkable prices were reached by some of the items from the collection of David David-Weill (JRT, June 11). A small, 18th-century snuffbox, considered by the expert Jacques Helft to be the only piece of goldwork bearing J.-A. Melesse's own mark, was bought by Wartski of London for 826,260 francs. One might have bought a landscape of Claude Lorraine's later period for that price—almost four times the price paid for a fine Madonna and Child by a Flemish primitive at Christie's in May. In other words, top

Moorish Palace Found in Seville

SEVILLE, June 25 (UPI).—The ruins of a vast pleasure palace of Moorish caliphs have been discovered under buildings near the city center, Jose Maria Benjumea of the Seville Fine Arts Commission announced today. The 12th-century palace and gardens, he said, at one time must have rivaled the Alhambra of Granada. The commission is trying to establish the exact extension of the palace grounds. Then steps will be taken to declare the site a national monument and to make the excavated ruins accessible to tourists. The ruins were discovered in the Huerta del Rey section of Seville. The palace, vast gardens and fountains were reportedly constructed as a place of leisure by the Emir Abu Jacob al-Mu'izz in the 12th century. At that time, Spain was ruled by the Moors. Seville's most outstanding building dating from that time is the Giralda, a 300-foot-high minaret.

Danish Architect Wins Belgrade Prize

BEGRAD, June 25 (AP).—Hans Dahl, 38, a Danish architect, won the first prize for his design for an opera building of Belgrade, it was announced today. The prize of \$14,000 was awarded by an international jury in the competition of 140 works submitted from 18 countries. The steel and concrete opera, expected to be completed by 1973 on the banks of the Sava River, will have a main hall with 1,400 seats, and a second with 400 seats.



Portrait of a lady, 5 1/8 inches in diameter, which sold for 62,000 guineas at an auction in London three weeks ago.

prices for these works are now on a par with works that are conventionally called Art with a capital A.

Trend

This trend is likely to become more and more apparent for a variety of reasons. But, first and foremost, the objects can be easily identified, given dates and creators. There are tricky problems of expertise, but these objects have a highly typical look, which lends itself to instant recognition, visually speaking, even to the amateur. Add to this their precious appearance, which suggests, almost to the subconscious, that here is sound, unquestionable stuff—the ideal investment.

Catalogues

Significantly, some important jewelry is included in the sale. Following the 94 objets d'art, there are four jewels, the most important of which is a diamond necklace which once belonged to Marie-Antoinette. It is described as "a rivière composed of 30 graduated cushion-shaped diamonds, with 13 graduated pear-shaped diamonds." Two pages of the catalogue are devoted to the description of the four documents, three of which substantiate the original ownership and descent of the necklace. A third page deals with the bibliography related to the subject, much as a museum catalogue raisonné would do. This fine piece of cataloguing by Christie's expert on jewelry was not merely done for scholarship's sake but because such details now are a vital commercial asset.

An interesting exhibition of Chinese paintings of the 20th century is on view at Jean-Michel Beurdeley's gallery at 200 Boulevard Saint-Germain. This is the first time a European dealer has gone to the trouble of showing and cataloguing in great detail a series of works representative of the best of China's traditional art, now in its last stages. This category was virtually ignored, commercially speaking, until recently. It may have a great future. Unlike the older periods where problems of authorship and dating are usually insurmountable because traditionally Chinese artists copied their own master work as well as that of previous masters, this field is safe. Many of the works have unquestionable strength; they are individualistic—likely to appeal to European tastes because of their highly modern feel.

ART IN NEW YORK

Like a Willful, Beautiful Child

By Emily Genauer

NEW YORK.—One feels somewhat like a willful but beautiful child. It may be stubborn, capricious, arrogant and extravagant. And yet sometimes one can't help but love it—not for any redeeming qualities of virtue or courage, but simply for its unlearned inheritance of grace and beauty.

Consider, as a case in point, the museum's newest exhibition, in fact, its three new exhibitions. They come on the heels of its nose-thumbing intractability on the question of constructing new buildings in Central Park; its recent imposition of a "disciplinary" admission fee; its appalling extravagance in buying a painting by Velasquez for \$5.5 million; its announcement only the other day that hereafter it will be closed on Mondays (although remaining open until nine on Tuesdays and Fridays).

One grows furious—and then sees its just-opened show of Florentine paintings. Other museums must labor hard to assemble major exhibitions—and the job grows increasingly difficult as public and private owners hesitate to submit their treasures to travel risks.

The Met just digs into its bins and draws up not only galleries full of pictures by Giotto, Botticelli and a raft of un-expectedly interesting lesser works, but follows the same

procedure for two remaining smaller exhibitions called "Sculpture of Africa" and "Ancient Egyptian Writing."

The Florentine collection spans, says the museum, more than seven hundred years (it doesn't really; from the 17th century it jumps to the 18th-century painter Pietro Annigoni, known most widely for his awful official portrait of Queen Elizabeth II). The show includes every Florentine picture, the Metropolitan owns, including minor or damaged works generally kept in the storerooms for study purposes. The results can, in fact, be rewardingly approached from the student's point of view, searching out why and how Florence, which Berenson called that "smallish town of money-mongers, not to say usurers, wool-combers, and cloth-weavers, with little military force and next to no political authority," spawned an army of artists (who exerted a "divine influence upon the entire white man's world, and beyond it... through craftsmen, artisans, architects, wood and stone-carvers, men of letters, schoolteachers, singers, dancers.")

But it can also be enjoyed as a superb exhibition of pictures remarkably diverting, their color vivid, their patterns lively, their cast of characters posed like dancers. They exude a sweetness that begins by being self-consciously stiff but is still moving (as in a 13th-century "Ma-

donna and Child" by Berlinghiero), and ends by being almost outrageously mannered (as in a "Descent from the Cross" attributed to the "workshop of Filippo Lippi," in which, instead of the usual anguished, one sees a cross-bearer with stylishly flowing scarves, ribbons and robes that skill, through the artist's loving handling of pattern, speak somehow of spiritual exaltation).

The museum's new Egyptian show I'd have loved if it included only this one item, a fragment of papyrus that scholars date as having been written 2,000 years before Christ.

"Dear Mother" is how those incredibly beautiful hieroglyphs have been deciphered. "I'm all right. Stop worrying about me." The writer, it appears, was a 17-year-old girl who further along in the letter instructs her mother to send a message to her fiancé: "Will you please get hold of Geig and see that he does what I told him to do."

Other works among the 200 in the show, many of them never before exhibited, include some exceptionally handsome, rare and vital studies done by painters and sculptors for later exhibition in stone.

The third show at the Metropolitan, consisting of sculpture from Nigeria and Cameroon, is drawn from Nelson Rockefeller's Museum of Primitive Art, which will become physically part of the Metropolitan as soon as new galleries are built to house it.



Nigerian statue, Metropolitan Museum of Art. Here again the exuberant elegance of the objects on most notably an animal with great exaggerated horns, make for a great display.

Around European Galleries

ROME

Fourth Printmaking Competition for the Students of the Fine Arts Academies of Italy, National Print Cabinet, Farnesina, 239 Via della Lungara, Rome, through June.

The fine tradition of etching, aquatint, woodcutting, etc., is exploited to the fullest by young people from all over the country and by a sprinkling of foreign students. All use the language of black and white with a freshness and force rarely retained by older printmakers who tend to lose themselves in an exaggerated regard for technical dexterity. The influence of the two died recently, Morandi and Bartolini, is still strongly felt in delicate nature observation, but there are excursions into abstraction and pop. Gatti's aquatint is a tender study of dusty decay; Barberi's wiry lines suggest spring wind; Mazzoni's bouquets in vases are sparkling and beautiful; Ragnoli's field flowers bloom whitely within gray gradations (very much à la Morandi). There are also Forti's web of lines; Vigo's crystalline composition; Botta's wiry abstraction; Calavalle's triangles of busy stubby strokes; Newton's whimsical fantasia. These are only a few picked from a varied and dedicated showing.



"Crinkly Tail" by Calder on view in Rome.

related to Diebenkorn or Thisbe, is showing swiftly brushed views of birds or planes in flight against great panes of sky and urban landscapes seen from his studio window. All were painted between 1962 and 1970.

PARIS

Animobiles, Alexander Calder, Obelisco, 146 Via Sistina, Rome, until July.

The crinkly worm, the horned beast, the blue bull and others wiggle their triangular heads. They are what they are. Sturdy little creatures. Calder devines the essence of movement and the being of an animal, and knows how to fashion and turn sheets of flat painted metal into gaudied living sculptures. Something between farm implements and toys, this recent work is more. Drawings and paintings also show a bright, but without the pleasant rightness of the animobiles.

Gallery Group, Contini, 25 Piazza Mignanelli, Rome, through June.

One is reminded of the excellence of the past season in this gallery once more by the purity of Biggi, Racciti's "Presences and Absences," a subtle Vago, a starkly simple Verna. There are also some tiny Del Tesoro "plastigraphs." Matte drawings much more explicit than usual and down to earth, a Foscati surrealist whimsy, a Turcato aquatint of wandering shapes, and various other examples by active contemporaries.

Nevole, silkcreens, Plattelli, 184 Via del Corso, Rome, until July 15.

Multiple linear swirls—as if drawn with great speed by a machine—fan out laterally or fluctuate vertically from either side of a dense center. At best, the long strips make elegant décor, but a few smaller squarish canvases, printed with webs of feathery superimposed forms, tend toward a deeper sounding.

Perahm, Galerie André Françoise Petit, 122 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris-8, to July 9.

Perahm sets his very good craft at the service of a dream-like surrealism. The familiar surrealist vocabulary, rhythm and forms are there along with some that is specifically Perahm's own. "La Pensée Sauvage," for instance, has a surprising note of romantic nostalgia about it, and other paintings frequently show tattered protoplasmic forms that suggest a human silhouette shredded by events and by the wind of time.

Appel, Galerie Ariel, 140 Boulevard Haussmann, Paris-8, to July 10.

Karel Appel enjoys the reputation of being a virtuous painter, someone who cheerfully bathes his colors about. The present exhibition is devoted to an experiment with wooden relief painted in the usual strong and jolly colors. The scale is also large (two meters by two meters) and the subjects are animals viewed with humor.

Devasse, Galerie Creuzevaux, 9 Avenue Matignon, Paris-8, to June 30.

There is something industrially respectable and at the same time decorative about the hard-edge patterns Devasse paints onto sheets of plastic and the plastic sheets of go-carts. Strong, bright and simple colors with clean curves and clean straight lines.

Cocteau, Galerie Verrière, 15 Avenue Matignon, Paris-8, to July 10.

Cocteau was not really a painter, but he was gifted enough, especially as a draftsman, to allow one to believe that he was. This exhibition of oils, drawings, ceramics and tapestries assembles a good number of characteristic works reflecting Cocteau's taste for a mythology viewed through the glass of his dreams.

Ferrari, Galerie du Dragon, 19 Rue du Dragon, Paris-6, to July 10.

Narrative, seemingly autobiographical and obscurely thematic, Ferrari's oils are intelligent exercises in composition. Too intelligent, indeed, to allow their con-

tent to shine through, it being supposed of course—as he himself seems at pains to suggest—that the content is there.

MICHAEL GIBSON.

LONDON

Ancient Art From Persia, Annely Juda Fine Art, 11 Tottenham Mews, London W1, to June 30.

One wishes one could say as for many painters more technically skilled than he.

Leon Underwood, The Archer, 23 Grafton St., London W1, to July 3.

Leon Underwood has long known as a sculptor of stone and as the teacher of Moore. His paintings, ever at least in the past 30 years, have remained almost unaltered and unseen. Two thirds of works in this large exhibit were done in the 1920s. Most of them are of Mexico or on Mexican themes, the fruits of a visit in 1927 to prepare illustrations for the book "Red Tiger." These are remarkable in their way. His sculpture, Sir John Royston, has admirably summed up his work in the catalogue: "his sculpture, Underwood's painting is the expression of original classical spirit enlivened by the perceptive study of many kinds, from the prehistoric to that of our own day."

Homage to Maurice de Sarre, Upper Grosvenor Gallery, 19 Upper St., London W1, to July 3.

Maurice de Sarre, a French painter, writer and teacher, died last year. A group of students formed a committee to organize this exhibition of his work and that of a number of his friends—Kenneth Arndt, Lynn Chadwick, Hubert van den Berg, Elizabeth Frank, Hot Goya, Allen Jones, Tess & Bright Riley, Nicholson, and Sederley and many others. Sederley and many others show in an admirable and original way the contemporary art.

Margo Maseckelberghe, Campbell Gallery, 68 St. Hill, London, NW2, to July 3.

The artist, chiefly a landscapist, is the expressionist. He paints much of the time in a wall where she was born, but in Belgium, France and elsewhere. Apart from the sweeping landscapes in this first show, there is a series of entitled "Landscape" which places these scenes like an island among waves. These are strong, clearly painted.

MAX WYKES-JONES.

"Mestiza" by Leon Underwood at Archer Gallery, London.

Martini & Rossi advertisement featuring a bottle of Martini and a glass of vermouth. Text includes: "Martini & Rossi. Taste it like it is. This is the sweet vermouth that's good enough to drink just by itself. It has a taste you ought to taste. So try it straight, with some ice. You'll like it like it is."

مركز الامم المتحدة

FILMS

A Fancy-Free Flight In 'Decamerone'

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss
ROME, June 25 (UPI).—Pier Paolo Pasolini's new film "Decamerone," though still awaiting official unveiling, has had almost as erratic a career as its author-director, the stormy petrel of the Italian cinema...

"Decamerone," sometimes naked and ever unashamed, was shown to a fortunate few in a Roman projection room the other evening. It has a contagious exuberance and visual loveliness. There is a fine, fetching bravura to its tweaking of gloom's prophetic, as it sings its merry melody of indomitable youth laughing away the mists of dank superstition and holy terror in the sheer joy of being alive.



Scene from Pasolini's "Decamerone."

misadventures of a horse dealer who, come to Naples, is deceived by a hussy, suffers an embarrassing tumble, is forced to serve two bands of grave robbers, is almost

buried alive, but who is rewarded for all his pains by the finding of a ruby ring. There is an innumerable brigand who dupes a friar with a false death-bed confession and attains sainthood. And there is a handsome gardener who, feigning dumbness, becomes the favorite of a convent, a broad and bawdy interlude that some assure box-office success.

familiar faces from Pasolini films as Franco Citti as Clappellotto, the master liar, and Ninetto Davoli as the harassed horse dealer. The director himself plays the painter Giotto at work on church frescoes and inspired by a new vision. He proves an admirable actor with his strong features and intense eyes.

Entertainment in New York

NEW YORK, June 25.—This is how The New York Times critics rated new movies: "Le Mans" starring Steve McQueen behind the wheel in the famous car race, directed by Leslie H. Katz, racing-car buffs will "probably flip over," reported Howard Thompson, but "dramatically the picture is a bore." The star looks "perfectly at home," says Thompson. However, his exchange of "monosyllabic utterances" and long, meaningful stares with other drivers and "especially" with Elga Andersen, add up to "a tepid monotonous drama," which neither the "oblique approach to these time-out sequences nor a ripe score by Michel Legrand manages to julee up."

Swiss to Follow In the Steps Of Alexander

BERN, June 25 (UPI).—Seven Swiss explorers will visit Iraq early next month to follow in the footsteps of Alexander the Great, the official Iraq news agency said. The agency said the explorers will investigate Alexander's movements in Mosul, Basra and Baghdad. They will also talk to history and geography professors at Iraqi universities about the subject, it said. Alexander the Great governed Iraq in the second half of the third century B.C. and during his reign expelled the Persians who were ruling the country. Alexander chose Babylon, 60 miles south of Baghdad, as the capital for Iraq. He died in Babylon.

Stokowski is Ailing, Cancels Schedule

LONDON, June 25 (AP).—Leopold Stokowski, 84, has canceled all his commitments through September. The conductor entered the hospital for observation after he complained of a restless night. "He will remain in the hospital for a few days, and we have canceled his entire schedule through September so he can get a good rest," an aide said. "That schedule included recording five albums and making concert appearances in London, Munich and the Edinburgh Festival." Mr. Stokowski is in London for a series of concerts.

Greek Temple in Naples

NAPLES, June 25 (AP).—A crane used in the restoration of Naples' cathedral has unearthed remains of a Fifth Century BC Greek temple under the floor. The cathedral holds the relics of Naples' patron saint and is famous because several times a year Neapolitans flock to the cathedral to see if his blood liquefies.

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THEATER IN LONDON Tedious and Tatty 'Amphitryon 38'

By John Walker
LONDON, June 25 (UPI).—The National Theatre has had its sense of humor. First, the company turned Pirandello's intensely volatile "The Rules of the Game" into a stilted formal exercise. Now, Laurence Olivier's production of Jean Giraudoux' "Amphitryon 38" which has opened at the New Theatre, is so tedious and tatty as to make one wish that he had tackled one of the 37 other versions of this Greek myth of Jupiter's love affair with a virtuous wife.



Christopher Plummer comedy crushed.

in the country. Mr. Leonard provides some excellent bawdy jokes, as when James Ustace (Norman Rodway), a belligerent and lecherous television interviewer, recalls past conquests: "Her husband was a 53-year-old alcoholic who narrowly escaped prosecution on a charge of attempted misconduct with a pillow box while under the impression that it was a Chinese street walker." But, on stage, the wit and satire is lost in the clanking contrivance of a standard farce, a characters rush in and out of bedrooms, losing their trousers and discovering innumerable letters with great predictability. There is an air of desperate engineering about the situation while the broad performances of Moira Redmond and Godfrey Quigley blunt the edge of Mr. Leonard's lines. It is a pity, for inside this slim farce there's a fat comedy struggling to get out.

For the first time I can remember at the National Theatre, a section of the audience broke into a slow handclap. It was a sad moment, but the production deserved little better. Recently, the National has come under harsh and mainly unjustifiable attack. But there is no question that its West End season has begun disastrously. Production standards are slipshod and some of the acting is barely competent. Just as Paul Scofield saved "The Rules of the Game" by an impeccable performance, so here delight is provided by Geraldine McEwan, purring prettily away

Hugh Leonard's farce "The Patrick Pearse Motel" reads much better than it acts at the Queen's Theatre. Mr. Leonard agrees with Feydeau that some matters are too serious for tragedy. On paper, he has written a witty play about the way the Irish are devaluing their own past out of commercial greed. The run is at its best when the action moves to the motel, where the rooms are named for Irish heroes—"It's a political Stations of the Cross," cries one character—and there is a restaurant called the Famine Room, where they serve the best steaks

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ART EXHIBITIONS LONDON: ARTS UNLIMITED GALLERY, AGNEW GALLERY, WALLY FINDLAY, SIMBARI, BASIL JACOBS GALLERY, ANDRE MASSON, LONDON ARTS GALLERY, ASGER JORN, WILDENSTEIN, OMELL GALLERIES, THE BROOK GALLERY. MADRID: galeria vandres. VIENNA: GALERIE ARIADNE. ZURICH: GIMPFL & HANOVER, PIERRE CLERK, ALAN DAVIE. TRIBUNE READERS ARE UP ON THE WORLD OF ARTS AND ANTIQUES

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for '1971 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5' and '1971 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5'.

1971 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5

Table of 1971 stock trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for '1971 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5' and '1971 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5'.

INDUSTRIALS

Table of industrial stock trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume.

Toronto Stocks

Table of Toronto stock trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume.

1971 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5

Table of 1971 stock trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume.

Advertisement for First General Resources Company, featuring the company logo and contact information.

Table of Mutual Funds, including columns for fund names, prices, and performance metrics.

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Large advertisement for Newirth International Fund, highlighting its performance in 1970 and listing various equity funds.

Table of Mutual Funds, including columns for fund names, prices, and performance metrics.

Dealer inquiries invited

Additional text at the bottom of the page, possibly related to the fund advertisement.

British Mood On Entering EEC Shifting

Parliamentary Support Seems to Be Growing

LONDON, June 26 (AP)—There are signs of a change in mood in Britain over Common Market membership following the successful conclusion of negotiations with the Six in Luxembourg.

Until now Prime Minister Edward Heath and his pro-market supporters have been outnumbered by a public opposition running at about 60-40.

Now that the fight on terms is over, however, parliamentary support for the Joint Europe movement seems to be growing according to political sources here.

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"They will have to confess that what they are against is not the terms, but the very idea of Britain becoming part of the European Community," the Mirror said.

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"Those who like Mr. Harold Wilson (opposition leader) have been waiting for the terms, and now to have the change of their previous convictions," it added.

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"In my personal view these are terms which I would have recommended a Labor cabinet to accept," he said on television.

The statement, political sources said, makes it difficult for Mr. Wilson to reject the terms.

Leading Conservative pro-marketiers express satisfaction over the plans to hold a special conference on the issue on July 17. Ministers are reportedly hoping to see the end of the opposition in a way that will consolidate Conservative support and embarrass Mr. Wilson.

The conference will be stormy, the Labor Party is deeply split over Europe, with an estimated 40-60 split on joining.

West Germans Sell Estimated \$150 Million

FRANKFURT, June 25 (AP)—The Bundesbank sold an estimated \$150 million on the foreign exchange market here today at 3,500 deutsche marks per dollar.

The central bank resumed sales after the dollar recovered on a level that was well below 3 DM Wednesday and Thursday. On neither day did the Bundesbank sell dollars.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Volkswagen Seen in Polish Venture

Volkswagen is about to submit to Polish authorities plans for building its "beetle" in Poland, according to industry sources. A Volkswagen spokesman said he could not officially confirm the report, but "contacts exist with Polish authorities to explore the possibility of further developing the car industry."

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KHD Plans to Increase Its Capital

Kloekner-Humboldt-Deutz (KHD) of Germany says it plans to increase its capital to 180 million deutsche marks from 135 million by offering shareholders one new 50 DM share for every three held at a price of 117.50 DM each.

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Money Supply Spurts, Fed Data Shows

Bank Concedes Rate Has Been 'Excessive'

By H. Erich Heinemann
NEW YORK, June 25 (NYT)—The U.S. money supply spurred upward during the week ended June 17, the Federal Reserve System reported yesterday.

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Trade Deficit Possible, Stans Warns Congress

Prices Ease on Big Board; Volume Sags

WASHINGTON, June 25 (Reuters)—The U.S. trade surplus will continue to dwindle this year and could even slip into deficit for the first time in 75 years unless the administration acts to aid U.S. business and exporters, Commerce Secretary Maurice H. Stans warned today.

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Economic Doubt Seen Cause of Slow Trading

NEW YORK, June 25.—New York Stock Exchange prices crept down the week with a modest decline as volume sank to the second lowest level of the year—10.58 million shares from 11.35 million yesterday.

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Maurice H. Stans

IATA Girds for Battle Against Charters

NEW YORK, June 25 (Reuters).—With most attention diverted by the skimmish involving youth hoppers, representatives of major scheduled airlines will gather Monday to begin mapping strategy for the main battle—the one against charter airlines.

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Broker Plans Public Offering

Walston & Co., a major Wall Street brokerage firm, hopes to go public by the end of the year, according to George T. Thomson, senior vice-president. Auditors plan to prepare the necessary financial data for registration with the Securities & Exchange Commission as soon as they complete the annual audit.

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U.S. Pondering Mack-Soviet Pact

WASHINGTON, June 25 (AP-D).—The future of the Mack Trucks preliminary agreement with the Soviet Union on construction of a truck plant in Russia was put in doubt today when the administration failed to approve the accord.

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U.S. Commodity Prices

Table of U.S. Commodity Prices including Wheat, Corn, Soybeans, and various metals like Aluminum and Copper.

One Dollar

Table titled 'One Dollar' showing exchange rates for various international currencies such as the British pound, Canadian dollar, and Japanese yen.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Large table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including stock symbols, prices, and volume for various companies.

Advertisement for 'UP TO 102% GAIN IN 12 MONTHS SINCE THE MARKET'S LOW IN MAY '70' featuring Mutual Fund Performance Survey.

Advertisement for 'In-Depth Security Analysis of American Companies on a Continuing Basis' by Burnham and Company.

Advertisement for 'AMERICAN INCOME PROPERTIES' offering bond and share primary in income-producing properties.

Advertisement for 'INTERNATIONAL FUNDS' with a list of various investment funds and their details.

Advertisement for 'AUCTION O. J. STANTON & COMPANY, INC.' featuring a list of vehicles for sale.

Advertisement for 'Nelson International' featuring a list of various services and products.

European Markets

Table of European Markets showing closing prices for various European stocks and currencies.

Table of 'Düsseldorf' and 'Paris' markets with stock prices and exchange rates.

Table of 'London' and 'Zurich' markets with stock prices and exchange rates.

Table of 'Market Summary' providing an overview of market activity and key indicators.

Table of 'Dow Jones Averages' showing the performance of major market indices.

Table of 'Standard & Poor's' stock prices and market data.

Table of 'New Highs and Lows' listing stocks that have reached new price highs or lows.

Small advertisement for 'مكتبات' (Libraries) with Arabic text.

Small advertisement for 'Services' and 'Theater' with promotional text.

American Stock Exchange Trading

Main table containing American Stock Exchange trading data, organized into columns for various stock categories and individual stock listings with their respective prices and volume.

مركزنا في لندن

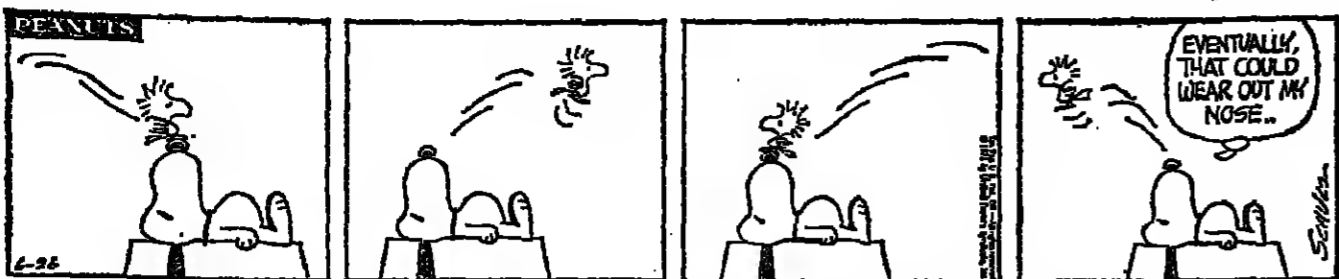
Financial section containing 'International Bonds Traded in Europe', 'Eurodollars', 'Tokyo Exchange', and 'European Gold Markets'. Includes tables of bond prices, exchange rates, and gold market data.

REISS & CO. BANKERS advertisement with contact information for Zurich and London offices.

THE DANFORTH ASSOCIATES advertisement for investment management services, including contact details for Wellesley Hills, Mass.

CARIBICO GROWTH FUND N.V. advertisement for investment in growth stocks, including contact information for the fund's management.

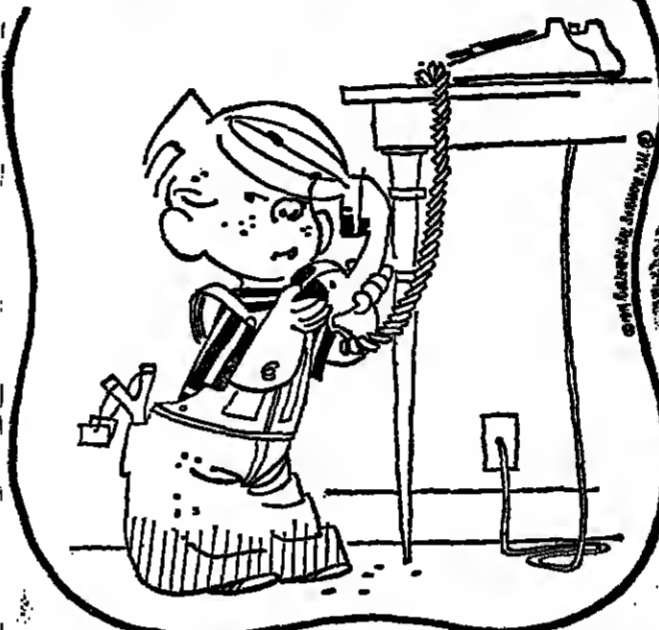
PEANUTS
B.C.
FILABNER
BEETLE
BAILEY
MISS
PEACH
BUZ
SAWYER
WIZARD
of
ID
REX
MORGAN
M.D.
POGO
RIP
KIRBY



BLONDIE



DENNIS THE MENACE



"DENNY? LISTEN, DO ME A FAVOR? MOM SAYS I CAN ONLY MAKE ONE PHONE CALL TODAY... SO NOW 'BOUT ASKIN' EVERYBODY TO CALL ME?"

JUMBLE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

Jumble puzzle grid with words: RACKK, VENOW, AMPIGE, YIKEL. Includes instructions and a cartoon illustration.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: A "O O O O O O O O" (Answers Monday)

Yesterday's Answer: He left his job because the boss said this—YOU'RE FIRED

Crossword puzzle grid with clues for Across and Down.

Solution to Last Week's Puzzle

Down crossword puzzle clues and grid.

BOOKS

THE NAME ABOVE THE TITLE An Autobiography By Frank Capra. Illustrated. 513 pp. \$12.50. Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

Oh, Boy! Frank Capra. The film director Frank Capra, who made "It Happened One Night," "Mr. Deeds Goes to Town," "You Can't Take It With You," "It's a Wonderful Life," and the rest of that delicious Capra-orn. At least I think Oh, Boy! Because except for periodic TV viewings of "It Happened One Night" (which seems to grow more charming with age and nostalgia) I last saw my favorite Capra films in the full flush of adolescence; so the warm glow his name evokes may be a vestige.

But sure enough, I begin "The Name Above the Title" and there it is again—that old sentimental magic. Takes a dirt-poor Sicilian peasant kid fresh out of steerage. Make him scrappy and street-wise. Give him an abiding love for his mother and determination to get educated. Send him to Caltech; graduate him with honors and the prospect of a brilliant future as a chemical engineer. Bring on World War I, postwar unemployment. Make the young man penniless and sick, but have him turn down a \$20,000 offer to build stills for a bootlegger. Wander him into a movie studio, put his eye to a camera, propel him upwards, and get ready for "a forty-five-year ride on the magic carpet of film!"

There are entertaining items along the way. Capra's experience as a gag writer for the Mack Sennett Studio and his rise with the meteoric Harry Langdon. The making of "It Happened One Night," which began disastrously, was tossed off in four weeks, and was printed with no making of the five Oscars it would win.

And a fair amount of film lore. On comedy and sight gags. On the methods of directors like William Wyler, George Stevens, Ermete Realacci, John Ford and other "giants" of the Golden Age. On working with stars like Gable, Stanwyck, Tracy, Hepburn, Crosby and Sinatra. On how Capra innovated filming techniques. Indeed it can be fairly claimed that in its perverse way "The Name Above the Title" is a complete history of Hollywood—from the joyous days of Keystone Comedy down to the collapse of the big studios into the star system. Read it and weep.

But I said "perverse." Because early in this zippy tale, certain patterns begin to insist, and before long they thunder. What at first seems a retching tale of striving and succeeding gradually declines into a series of self-parodying episodes. Capra gets the job done; Capra is acclaimed, decorated, well-reviewed, loved, paid a fortune.

What sprouts from a beguiling peasant carthiness grows into the laudable sympathy for an average guy, then branches into tedious philosophizing about the messages behind his film then blossoms into fatuous flapping and wails at last, if mindless chest-thumping. It terminates into tasteless anti-intellectualism and demagogic peals to the silent majority.

By the end he is foaming the mouth: "Judging by contemporary Hollywood films, United States was made up of sexpots, homosexuals, lesbian Marlene de Sades, junkies, too! Beautiful people, county club liberals, draftboard burn and theatrical and religious turfs bleeding make-believe for Cause and Camera..."

"Forgotten among the and-cries were the hard-working stiffs that came home tired to about or demonstrate, streets—steel workers, bus drivers, salesmen, telephone operators, secretaries... (what) people's have enough left over to keep their kids in college, despite their knowing that some wetpot smoking, parasitic parent hater."

One closes Capra's book with lingering admiration for his guts independence and the lifelong battle he fought to make his "one man one film" principles prevail. One guesses one's mollars over his final capitulation to the system. But it is difficult to understand the connections in his mind between his eventual loss of courage, the decline of Hollywood's taste, and "the decline" of the world's taste. And it is appalling that he seems to have given no serious thought to what passeth his understanding.

This is the autobiography of an appealing man grown crotchety. But then, as he likes to put it, that's Hollywood.

Mr. Lehmann-Haupt is a New York Times staff book reviewer.

Vatican's Plans For Modern Art

ROME, June 25 (UPI)—The Vatican will be provided with gallery of modern art to complement its museum of painting and sculptures from other ages, a spokesman said today.

The gallery is now being constructed in the Vatican and will house some 2,000 contemporary religious works, according to Bishop Giovanni Faliani, president of the Pontifical Commission for Sacred Art.

The works already have been acquired, the Rev. Faliani said, and include paintings by Marc Chagall, Georges Rouault and Oskar Kokoschka.

Edited by WILL WENG

Gain Wimbledon Quarterfinals

Gorman, Laver, Newcombe Win

By Fred Tupper

WIMBLEDON, England, June 25 (NYT).—Thomas Warner Gorman is in privileged company tonight. With a halloween grin spread across his face, he came off court with a straight-sets victory to gain the quarterfinal...

and serving with the match seemingly secure. Okker gave it one more try. Two Laver double-faults, a backhand pass and a forehand drilled so hard that it caromed off the red-head's racket put him at 4-5. Okker raved off two matches to reach 5-11. Then Laver exploded and that legendary top-spin backhand down the line gave him the match, 7-5, 6-1, 3-6, 7-5.

the only set off the defending champion at Wimbledon so far. It galvanized the Australian into a purple that brought ten successive points in a break to 4-2 of love. Thrice the Russian hit last-ditch winners to reach advantage at 3-4, but Newcombe bore down to win, 9-8, 6-3, 4-6, 8-3. Gorman beat Ross Case, at 19 the youngest member of the Australian Davis Cup team, 6-3, 8-6, 6-4, by angling his volleys short. "We both strained our backs a little at Queen's," said Gorman, "and I knew he couldn't chase the ball too much."

A day later, Cliff Richey of Sarasota, Fla., reached the round of 16, drubbing Adriano Panatta, 6-8, 6-2, 6-4. Outsped and out-thought, the Italian No. 1 contributed two double faults in succession to lose both the third and ninth games of the last set. "I felt like I was taking an exam," he said, "and I'd forgotten all I'd learned."



CROSSED COURT VOLLEY—Rod Laver of Australia looks unorthodox at Wimbledon yesterday as front leg crosses over on a return. The result was orthodox though, as the top-seed ousted Tom Okker of the Netherlands.

Merckx Seeks Streak Of 3 Tours of France

MULHOUSE, France, June 25 (UPI).—Belgian champion Eddy Merckx tomorrow begins his quest for a third straight victory in what he terms the "most difficult" Tour of France cycling race in history.

As in the past two years, the chief interest in the three-week classic is to guess who will finish second and by how much. The 26-year-old Belgian, against the odds-on favorite, will win.

Peterson finished third last year in his first appearance in the Tour and won the Tour of Italy last month. His main handicap will be the comparative weakness of his Perrett team, even though it includes his brother Tomas, Merckx, this year riding with the Molteni team, will have strong support from teammates Herman van Springel of Belgium, and the three Josephs—Bruyer, Housmans and Spruyt.

De Vlaeminck and Zoetemelk will both be riding for Marmat-Flandria, which has Belgian sprint ace Eric Leman to try to stop Merckx from picking up the extra seconds awarded in the two races against the clock.

Somehow in the frantic second set, Mrs. Jones got the old feel back like a butterfly hunter, she swiped at everything, rocketing to the net and back and occasionally, blundering that memorable forehead to deep court. As the crowd roared, she came from 2-4 down to 5-4 up and 40-15 on her own service. Then Mrs. King shook off her mental cobwebs and played some decent tennis to win, 2-2, 7-5.

Peterson went round the modified Rouen circuit in 2 minutes 57.7 seconds for an average speed of 181.563 kilometers an hour (112.8 mph).

Springboks' Australian Tour Begins With Demonstrations

From Wire Dispatches

PERTH, Australia, Saturday, June 26.—Police arrested 12 anti-apartheid demonstrators today following a brief but violent clash outside the hotel where the touring South African Rugby Union team is staying.

An Australian government spokesman said that "every country in our region will be convinced that the McMahon government backs South Africa's racial policy."

Sikes With 64 Leads by Two At Cleveland

CLEVELAND, June 25 (AP).—Dan Sikes broke a massive log jam with a 64 and took a two-stroke lead in the first round of the Cleveland Open golf tournament yesterday.

Eight players had posted 66s before the late-starting Sikes came in at seven under par on the 6,643-yard Bechtelmont Country Club course.

At 66 were Gene Littler, Dave Stockton, Mason Rudolph, Bobby Mitchell, club pro George Bellino and former Masters champions Gay Brewer, Bob Goobly and Gene Littler.

Lee Trevino, the newly crowned U.S. Open champion, had a 70. He missed seven putts of ten feet or less.

Advertisement for Pierre Balmain perfume, featuring a list of products like Eau de Toilette, Eau de Cologne, and various scents.

When the Tour ends on July 18, the survivors will have covered almost 3,800 kilometers (2,360 miles) on a course which swings from here to Strasbourg and across northern France to Roubaix on the Belgian border and to the English Channel coast.

Although the shortest Tour since 1905, two years after the event was inaugurated, the 58th Tour of France may prove to be the toughest because of its many grueling mountain stages.

"I'll need all the strength I've got to face up to this Tour. It is the most difficult one I can remember," said Merckx, who has won the event more than 12 times ahead of his nearest rival for the past two years, with the help of the Faemina team.

Only four men are given any chance by the experts of topping Merckx from his pinnacle—Gosta Pettersson of Sweden, Luis Ocaña of Spain, Joop Zoetemelk of the Netherlands and Roger de Vlaeminck of Belgium.

Pinogone Loses Appeal PARIS, June 25 (AP).—Roger Pinogone, French cyclist who won the Tour of France in 1967, today lost a court decision which bars him from this year's Tour.

Pinogone protested a suspension for three months by the Belgian Cycling Federation on April 30 because a dope test had turned up positive during the Tour of Flanders.

The court said the French Cycling Federation was bound by rules of the International Cycling Union to apply the suspension. Pinogone has said he would retire if he could not start in this year's Tour.

Pinogone's appeal was heard by the court today. He had argued that the suspension was unfair because he had never tested positive during the Tour of Flanders.

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Peterson's March Wins Rouen Pole

ROUEN, France, June 25 (Reuters).—Swedish Rommie Peterson driving a March won the pole position for Sunday's Rouen Formula Two Grand Prix at the end of the final practice session here today.

Peterson went round the modified Rouen circuit in 2 minutes 57.7 seconds for an average speed of 181.563 kilometers an hour (112.8 mph).

Peterson's time was the fastest in the opening day of trials for the 1,000-kilometer race for the world manufacturers' championship for sports cars and prototypes.

The John Wyer Porsche team provided a surprise. Rodriguez was released from the team and will take part in Can-Am racing in the United States and Canada.

Porsche has already won the manufacturers' title.

Porsche has already won the manufacturers' title.

But a group of about 150 vigilante rugby supporters moved among them, bearing up placards and shouldered their way to the front of the terminal.

The vigilantes cheered, clapped and drowned out the demonstrators at the Springboks, flanked by police and security walked from the aircraft to the customs hall.

The 27-man party, 25 players and two officials, was officially welcomed by Charles Blunt, president of the Australian Rugby Union. They seemed unconcerned by the rumpus around them.

The team's manager, Flapie Lachner, said the Springboks had expected a hostile arrival and were surprised at the enthusiastic welcome.

Australian Prime Minister William McMahon said in Canberra earlier that a Royal Australian Air Force plane would be used to fly the all-white South African team from Perth to Adelaide on Monday if it became necessary to beat threatened trade union boycotts on civil airline companies.

Challengers tomorrow will include Frank Shorter, the defending champion; Gerry Lindgren, the indomitable U.S. record-holder; Jack Bechler, the co-champion at six miles, and Steve Staeheli, the former Georgetown University ICA-A champion.

Villanova's Liquori, entered in tomorrow's mile, said: "I think the American record should go," in the three-mile.

The meet is already assured of one record, total number of entries. Despite the absence of George Young, hay-fever victim Jim Ryan and Jay Silvester, more than 80 entries were approved in the 19 events for possible berths on the United States Pan-American Games team and several U.S. squads that will compete in international meets later this summer.

and the great Polo in the 50th minute. Turin and Milan both scored final game victories to tie for the Italian cup title and will meet on Sunday in a playoff in Rome. Romeo Benelli scored in the fifth minute for Milan's 1-0 victory over Fiorentina and Turin beat Napoli, 2-0.

At Adelaide, Australia, the English FA team beat South Australia 5-0. South Australia played with ten men against the vastly superior English side for 78 minutes after wing half M.J. McInnes was sent off by referee John Spiera for deliberately kicking an opponent. Chris Collins, David Watson, Ken Wagstaffe and Mike Mills scored. Mills hitting two goals.

Can a Square Peg Fill a Hole in the Line?

By William N. Wallace

NEW YORK, June 25 (NYT).—An offensive tackle is a disciplined introvert, the strong, silent type, while a defensive tackle is the opposite—extroverted, individualistic, hell-bent. Similarly, a wide receiver is a body cultist and a showoff while a defensive back demonstrates arrogance and aggression. Quarterbacks? They may show a variety of traits but the good ones always demonstrate confidence.

How valid are these generalizations? Quite valid according to Dave Herman, the Jets' introspective guard; Harland (Swede) Svara, the onetime Giant line-backer now general manager at San Diego, and Jim Finks, a former quarterback in charge of the Minnesota Vikings.

Some teams now give their players psychological exams. Pro football has become so specialized that a Rorschach test is as important as a team of film.

Job. They are always wrong, playing a negative, hopeless position. So they relieve their frustrations by being very aggressive.

"They'll know your head off for nothing," said Svara. "Jimmy Patton, Dick Lynch, Eric Barnes." Johnny Sample, late of the Jets, was the ultimate. "Yes, and he gave our secondary an aggressive edge it never had before," Herman said.

What is a quarterback? "A neurotic," said Finks who might know. "They all recognize they're good and they're not afraid to tell you." Bobby Layne and Joe Kapp, they had to be like that. Keep their natural ability did not take them far enough. They had to do something.

Mild Milt Fink's something was to take a Dale Carnegie course to learn how to project. It didn't help.

Joe. Few people realize what a precise person he is. I wouldn't think of talking to him during a game. I might break his concentration.

Linebackers? "Ruffians," said Svara and included himself along with Cliff Livingston and Sam Huff, the old Giant try. "They're half surly and they'll fight at the drop of a hat," added Finks.

"We have a typical group. Lonnie Warwick is the mouth. Roy Winston's quiet, but look out. Wally Hilgenberg is loose as a goose and tougher than a boiled owl."

Although easily injured, running backs have the simplest cerebral position to play. They are easy going, optimistic—possessed with a great outlook on life. And the best are physical marvels. Herman mentioned Emerson Boozer and Svara cited Alex Webster.

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Pitcher's Blast Nips Expos

Seaver Foils Stoneman With Bat in Mound Duel

MONTREAL, June 25 (NYT).—Tom Seaver of the New York Mets and Ed Stoneman of the Montreal Expos, two of the National League's top pitchers, hooked up in a mound duel last night but it was Seaver's bat that made the difference.

Seaver smashed a home run into the left-field seats off Stoneman in the eighth inning to give the Mets a 2-1 victory. It was only the second homer of Seaver's career. His first came last year in Shea Stadium, also against the Expos, off Rich Nye, and the Mets won, 7-1.

Seaver's hit, one of five the Mets collected off Stoneman in his eight innings, sent the Expo right-hander to his sixth loss of the campaign. He was shooting for victory No. 10.

In pitching his first complete game in his last four starts, the Met right-hander fanned nine to run his season streakout total to 134. Stoneman fanned eight for 134. Seaver scattered five hits and did not walk a batter in posting his ninth triumph against three losses.

Dodgers 1, Cardinals 4 Bill Buckner tripled in two runs in the second inning to give an eight-run outburst and Jim Lefebvre, who also got two singles, homered with two on in the fourth as the Dodgers romped to an 11-4 victory over St. Louis. The victory gave Al Downing his eighth triumph in 12 decisions.

Roger Freed lined a two-out bases-loaded single off Joe Gibbon in the tenth inning to give Philadelphia a 3-1 triumph over Cincinnati. The Reds, who had gone hitless the night before.

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against Rick Wise, tied the game in the ninth on doubles by Tony Perez and Bernie Carbo.

Tigers 3, Indians 0 In the American League, Mickey Lolich pitched an eight-hit shutout for his 11th victory of the year as Detroit beat Cleveland, 3-0. Leadoff man Dick McAuliffe singled off Alan Foster in the first, took third on Mickey Stanley's single and scored on Norm Cash's sacrifice fly for the Tigers' first run—all Lolich needed.

Brooks Robinson drove in three runs with two singles and a sacrifice fly as Baltimore beat Washington, 6-1, for its 20th triumph in the last 25 games. Dave McNally allowed the Senators just four hits in recording his 12th victory against four defeats. McNally defeated the Senators for the 11th straight time.

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Art Buchwald

Summer Reading Guide

WASHINGTON—The summer is upon us and once again it is our pleasure to list recommended books for people to take on their vacations.

NON-FICTION

"MY FRIENDS IN THE PRESS," by Spiro Agnew. Southern Strategy Press—A heartwarming memoir check full of anecdotes concerning all the friends Mr. Agnew has made in the television and printed media since he has become Vice-President of the United States.



Buchwald President of the United States. Six pages. Reading time: three minutes and 12 seconds.

"ONE THOUSAND REASONS FOR BEING IN VIETNAM." This three-set volume lists every reason ever given by a high government official as to why we were involved in Vietnam. It includes the pledges of four American Presidents, the Gulf of Tonkin resolution, pacification, Vietnamization, incursions and the secret Swiss bank account numbers of all the leaders we have supported in Indochina. Printed through the courtesy of The New York Times.

"HOW TO TAKE FUN OUT OF FUN CITY," by Guy Nelson Rockefeller. In this hilarious book, Rockefeller recounts how he has played one practical joke after another on his good friend and fellow Republican, Mayor John Lindsay. Every time Lindsay thought he had something to say about New York City, Rockefeller thought up some-thing devilish to thwart him.

Divorce at 103, Italian Style

LA SPEZIA, Italy, June 25 (AP)—A 103-year-old grandmother has become the oldest person in Italy to obtain a divorce under the country's new law. A court dissolved her marriage to a man whom she has not heard of in 56 years. It was reported today.

Angiola Gattoronechi was married to Aldo Arpesella in 1907. They had two sons. She told the court that her husband left for Argentina in 1915 and she had not heard from him or about him since.

Discovery in Yugoslavia

OSLJEK, Yugoslavia, June 25 (AP)—Workers laying telephone cables have unearthed three altars and a structure believed to be Roman architecture, 1,800 years old. This Croatian city was once the Roman city of Mursa.

"STATE INCOME TAXES AND WHY WE NEED THEM," by Gov. Ronald Reagan. The governor of California writes with fervor on the necessity for state income taxes and why each citizen should be willing to pay them "even if it hurts." Citing case after case of people who would rather be on welfare or Medicare, Reagan makes a strong argument against loopholes in the law that allow some California citizens to get off scot-free. The governor dedicates his book to his tax accountant.

"THE SENSUOUS TELEPHONE," by "M." The wife of a famous attorney general tells you what you can and can't do with a telephone. She describes various ways of holding the phone, the positions you should take when talking on it, pre-phonography or how to work up excitement before making a call, and finally, how to fake it when you don't get a dial tone.



On the Trail of Wooden Shoes in Holland

AMSTERDAM (NYT)—On arrival most tourists lament: "Where are all the wooden shoes?" The klompen are essential to Holland's image, and foreigners expect to find them on the feet of most of the 15 million Dutchmen. Though that's not true, there are three places in Amsterdam where the tourist is sure to find them. One is a fish shop on the



Text and Photos by Jules B. Farber

PEOPLE: Railbirds And Other Yokels

Warning to tourists planning a railway trip to Brighton this summer: Bring along a heavy-duty napkin. Because of a complaint by dining-car employees, reports UPI, "British Rail is dropping bled eggs from its menus on its Southern Region trains."



The Voice in 1948: Plato and Pelutias.

He's either uncommonly drooit or very thirsty. Whatever the case, the Duke of Edinburgh, con- diles Reuters, "delivers his speeches with a dry, tongue-in-cheek humor. . . (The same legerdemain, incidentally, was performed last week at a sports seminar in Paris during which jovial Hans Klein, overseer of preparations for the 1972 Munich Olympics, was commended for his team's pitiful preparation for the Games. "Thank you," said Hans, "but of course we Germans are supposed to be good organizers. Actually, we have to be. We are too stupid to improvise.")

Nobody asked us, we know, but WFWF just been reading the Trib classifieds again — "PRIVATE SELLS 2 big Gothic chests. . . "URGENT: PRIVATE SELLS very nice dining room, Louis XVI mahogany . . . etc. and we think it's his high time they raise the pay of the enlisted man.

UNDERGOING REFURBISHMENT: A movie theater in Toulouse, France, after it was torn apart by a audience of youths who complained that a film entitled "The Sex Life of Frankenstein" was too tame. DYNAMIC: Winkle Smith, of Rowley Regis, England, in a local hospital after being knocked unconscious while waiting for a bus, by a road-safety sign that had come loose from its moorings. DENIED: By Frank Sinatra, 55, press reports that he has retired because he's lost his voice.

Physically, the voice is a long way from going, Sinatra told Life magazine (which hadn't the guts to ask the ex-boxer how the old larynx was doing mentally). "Hell, I just quit, that's all. I don't want to put any more make-up on. I don't want to perform any more. I'm not going to stop living. Maybe I'm going to start living." Asked what he plans to do in retirement, the singer said he wanted to "take photographs of cats, read Plato, grow petunias. . . Do any old thing things to do. Like the first thing is not to do anything for about

"eight months." WORDS TO LIVE BY: "There is no reason for blind worship of the efficiency of machines," writes Earl Boyte of the AP. "It has been calculated that it would take 100 clock working for 100 years to make a mistake as monumental as a single computer can make in a thousandth of a second."

REJECTED: A pair of shoe owned by Italian Fascist leader Benito Mussolini, as legal tender, will be sold at a Sotheby's auction in a final bid to recoup his heavy losses. The creature Italian was taken to the hospital in a state of "grave agitation," the casino said. CONVALESCING: Barbara Hutton, 56, helms to the Woodrow Wilson, a Hollywood Mount Sinai Hospital after undergoing surgery of a hip she fractured while tripping over a carpet in Rome.

Jack Brooks, an old-age pensioner who lives in Hatfield Broad Oak, England, is no spendthrift, mind you, but as a concerned taxpayer he figures as a con man, just might be able to scrape up enough to mount a road sign announcing to motorists the approach to his community. Consequently, Jack has petitioned county authorities for a change. "The sign is a slur on this lovely village," he told a reporter. "It could embarrass visitors and give the place a bad name." Hatfield B.O.—can you imagine? As an abbreviation, it stinks.

DICK RORABACK

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